Stock Code: 4971

IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman)

Handbook for the 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

MEETING TIME：June 28, 2023

PLACE：Lane 193, Sec. 3, Zhongxiao E. Rd., Daan Dist.,

Taipei (GIS Taipei Tech Convention Center Room 303)

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IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman)

Year 2023

Agenda of Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Type of meeting：physical meeting
Time：09:00 a.m. on Wednesday, June 28, 2023
Place：Lane 193, Sec. 3, Zhongxiao E. Rd., Daan Dist., Taipei (GIS Taipei Tech Convention Center Room 303)

I. Call the Meeting to Order.

II. Chairperson Remarks

III. Reporting Items：
1. Operation report for 2022.
2. Audit committee report for 2022.
3. Distributions of 2022 bonuses to employees and non-independent directors.
4. Cash dividend distribution for 2022.

IV. Ratification Items：
1. Operation report and financial statements for 2022.
2. Profit distribution for 2022.

V. Discussion Items
1. Amendment on “Memorandum and Articles of Association”.
2. Amendment on “Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings”.

VI. Questions and Motions

VII. Adjournment

Reporting Items：

Proposed by the Board

#1：Operation Report for Fiscal Year 2022

Explanations：

The Company’s annual operation report for fiscal year 2022 is attached as Attachment 1.

Proposed by the Board

#2：Audit Committee audit report for Fiscal Year 2022

Explanation：

Audit Report by Audit Committee for Fiscal Year 2022 is attached as Attachment 2.

Proposed by the Board

#3：Distributions of 2022 bonuses to employees and non-independent directors.

Explanations：

1. The Company’s 2022 compensation distribution to employees and non-independent directors are NTD9,972,811 (cash only) and NTD4,986,444 (cash only) respectively. The amounts are equivalent to 4.46% and 2.23% of annual profit. The percentage meet no less than 3% of its annual profit as employee bonuses, and no more than 3% of its annual profit as director bonuses from amended Memorandum and Articles of Association. The “annual profit” in the preceding paragraph shall be a sum equal to the Company’s pre-tax profit before deduction of the aforementioned employee bonuses and director bonuses.
2. Estimated expensed amount on 2022 compensation distribution to employees and non-independent directors are NTD9,972,811 and NTD4,986,444, which have no difference from proposed distribution amount.

Proposed by the Board

#4：Cash dividend distribution for 2022

Explanation：

1. In accordance with Taiwan regulation and the Company’s Memorandum and Articles of Association clause 34.1 “The Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attended by two thirds or more of total number of the Directors, pay Dividends/bonus, in whole or in part, by cash, and the board of Directors shall then report such distribution to the subsequent general meeting.”
2. NTD 2.0 cash dividend per share is approved by 2023/3/22 BOD. Chairman is authorized to determine record date, suspended transfer period and distribution days for cash dividend

distribution by stock service agent.

3. If ESOP or RSA and other issuance affect outstanding shares that results in change of cash dividend distribution per share, Chairman is authorized to adjust distribution ratio.
4. The amount of cash dividend shall be calculated to the dollars; amount after decimal point is discarded and will be booked in other income.

Ratifications Items：

Proposed by the Board

#1：Operation report and financial statements for 2022

Explanation：

1. The Company's Financial Statements were audited by independent auditors, Wendy Liang and Alan Chien of PriceWaterhouse Coopers.
2. 2022 Operation report is attached as Attachment 1. Financial Statements are attached as Attachment 3.
3. The Company's operation report and financial statements for 2022 are submitted to the shareholders for ratification.

Resolution：

Proposed by the Board

#2：Profit distribution for 2022

Explanation：

1. 2022 Profit Distribution Table as follows：

IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman)
2022 Profit Distribution Proposal

	(NTD)
Net Profit After Tax of 2022	157,781,937
Deduct：Legal Reserve	(15,778,194)
Plus：Reversal of Special reserve	121,993,320
Distributable Unappropriated Retained Earnings of 2022	263,997,063
Plus：Unappropriated Retained Earnings at the Beginning of 2022	301,294,241
Distributable Unappropriated Retained Earnings at the end of 2022	565,291,304
Distribution Items：	
Deduct：Cash Dividends (NT$2.0 per share)	(73,486,486)
Unappropriated Retained Earnings at the end of 2022	491,804,818

2. NTD 2.0 cash dividend per share is approved by 2023/3/22 BOD. Amount of cash dividend is NTD 73,486,486.
3. The Company's profit distribution proposal for Fiscal Year 2022 is submitted to the shareholders for ratification.

Resolution：

Discussion Item：

Proposed by the Board

#1：Amendment on “Memorandum and Articles of Association”

Explanation：

1. The Company proposes to amend its Memorandum and Articles of Association pursuant to amendments made to the Checklist for protection of Shareholders' Rights and Interests promulgated by the Taipei Exchange and revision of the Cayman Island laws, a copy of the proposed 7th Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association is attached hereto as attachment 4 (the "Amended M&A").
2. The board of directors have considered the amendments in the Amended M&A to be in the best interest of the Company and proposed that the Amended M&A be submitted to the shareholders for approval by way of a special resolution at the annual general meeting. Subject to approval by way of a special resolution, that the 6th Amended Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company currently in effect be amended and restated by the deletion in their entirety and the substitution in their place of the Amended M&A.
3. It is resolved that upon approval of the Amended M&A by the shareholders at the annual general meeting, the Amended M&A be filed with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands.

Proposed by the Board

#2：Amendment on “Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings”

Explanations：

1. The Company’s “Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings” is proposed to amend pursuant to the amendments on “Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings” as promulgated by the Financial Supervisory Commission and Taipei Exchange.
2. Comparison charts are provided as Attachment 5.
3. The amendment is hereby submitted to the shareholders’ meeting for discussion.

Resolution：

Questions and Motions

Adjournment

Attachment 1

IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman)

2022 Operation Report

With continuous operation growth and the support of our customers and employees, the 2022 sales revenue achieved the record high to NT$ 892,533 thousand, an increase of 18% over the previous year. Benefited from the strong demand for 5G related products and the popularization of IoT (Internet of Things) applications which widely found in industrial and commercial markets, most of the sales of Company's product sectors, except for hardware components, grew substantially. InP wafers accounts for 54% of total sales, HBT epi wafers is the major increase. GaAs epi wafers accounts for similar sales ratio to previous year, sales amount grew due to growth of total business revenue and GaAs based IR product. Sales of hardware components, defense contract and GaSb IR (infrared) epi wafers decreased from 29% in 2021 to 18%, mainly caused by the sales drop of hardware components, whereas in 2021 Company sold the entire MBE systems and in 2022 the sales come from component replacements and upgrades. In management aspect, to overcome the semiconductor talent shortage, Company adjusted employee benefit, issued RSA (Restricted Stock Award), and enhanced human resource training, meanwhile focused on the research and development with key customers in GaN regrowth, long wavelength VCSEL and Dilute Nitride epi techniques. Looking to 2023, consider the inflation, ramping of interest rate, austerity in consumption and the US export restriction on semiconductor equipment and product, customers tend to be more conservative in placing volume order, Company expects a downside impact in 2023 H1; however, with the progress of 5G and 6G technology, the expanding demand of data transmission and AI applications, Company has positive attitude toward the future of our product sales and market development.

1. 2022 Operation Report:

   1.1 Operation Results

   The consolidated total revenue of the Company in 2022 was NT$892,533 thousand, an increase of 18% compared with the revenue of NT$753,875 thousand in 2021. After tax net profit was NT$157,755 thousand, equivalent to a 18% profit margin, an increase of NT$70,152 thousand from 2021. Earnings per share after tax was NT$4.34, an increase of 77% over the previous year's NT$2.45.

   1.2 Financial Income, Expenditures, and Profitability Analysis

   Company's current assets to total assets in 2022 decreased to 34% from 36% in 2021, which was within stable status, and the debt ratio was 7%, same as 2021. There was large capital spending in 2022 due to the purchase of 6 MBE systems. Capital spending and operating expense mainly follow budget scheme.

   The gross margin was 39.0%in 2022, compared with 35.0% in 2021. Increase in gross profit was attributed to higher sales revenue, higher capacity utilization and higher growth margin InP sales. Expenses for marketing, G&A and R&D were NT$183,864 thousand, a slightly increase of NT$ 14,850 thousand from previous year, due to the increase of personnel cost. After accounting for non-operating income and expenses of NT$24,752 thousand and income

tax of NT$33,305 thousand, the resulted net profit after tax was NT$157,755 thousand, an increase of 80% over the previous year.

1.3 Budget Execution

The company's annual budget had been approved by the board of directors, but the financial forecast has not been disclosed to the public. The overall budget was under good control.

1.4 Research and Development

In 2022, the R&D expense was NT$ 41,813 thousand, slightly higher than NT$ 37,523 thousand in the previous year. The main R&D focus was on long wavelength VCSEL wafer, gallium nitride (GaN) and Dilute Nitride epitaxy technology,

2. 2023 Business Plans and Strategies

2.1 Management Policy：Adhere to quality and performance management, and focus on developing the following epitaxy products and international markets:

- InP：InP wafer will still account for the largest proportion of product mix in 2023. Company will adjust the price to reflect the cost when negotiating annual orders with key customers, meet the capacity and on-time delivery schedule, and continue to co-develop long wavelength InP VCSEL wafer products with customers.

- GaAs：The demand of teir-1 defense customers on high performance pHEMT wafer and GaAs infrared epi wafer are ramping up. Company will pursuit the commercial defense orders and continue to develop Dilute Nitride epitaxy technique with key customers.

- GaSb：There are regular spec GaSb infrared epi wafers for defense needs, Company will expand the capacity to shorten delivery schedule. Company had gained small scale of volume orders from Europe, Korean and Japan, Company will continue to expand market ratio and increase sales revenue.

- Hardware components：Company purchased 6 MBE systems in 2022Q4, part of the systems will be renovated and sold to strategy partners. The negotiation will start in 2023. Customized MBE chamber has arrived, Company will complete the customized MBE system and evaluate the performance for self-use.

- GaN：The sales of GaN wafers grew substantially in 2022, customers numbers also increased gradually. There are regular orders and Company will continue to develop product and wafer quality certification.

2.2 Expected sales volume and Base

The expected sales volume under Company’s projection is based on demand forecast provided by customers, published industrial and market supply and demand research, and the Company’s production capacity and business outlook to set the production plan.

2.3 Key Production and Marketing policies

(1) Improve product quality.

(2) Strengthen product research and development.

(3) Improve production efficiency.

3. Development Strategies

3.1 Focus on promoting 5G and 6G related products and ensure smooth supply chain.

3.2 Pay equal attention to mass production and advanced products.

3.3 Focus on products that MBE technology holds the advantages.

3.4 Strengthen MBE software and hardware in-house capabilities and further establishing the metal fabrication process to ensure hardware materials sourcing and business.

3.5 Improve employee training and foster team synergy.

4. Effects from External Competition, Legal and Regulation, and Economic Environments

Looking forward to 2023, the Company will continue to improve product quality and production efficiency in dealing with competitive environment, while continuing to carry out its research and development on MBE mainstream products, accumulate research and development know-how for future applications. In terms of regulatory compliance, Company will abide by the principle of integrity in management and cooperate with regulations and policies as well as adjusting relevant operating policy updates. To face challenges from international economic turmoil, trade and political changes, Company has been expanding recruitment and improving employee benefits and training. In 2023, all customers still continue to support the Company's business, recognize the company's products and engineering team. For 2023, under the ongoing trend of technological innovation, Company should have better chance to contribute more for selling its products and earning more rewards.

Chairman：Yung-Chung Kao President/CEO：Yung-Chung Kao CFO：George Wang

Date: 2023/03/22

Attachment 2

Audit Committee's Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2022 Operation Report, Financial Statements and proposal for profit distribution. The certified public accountants of PriceWaterhouseCoopers Taiwan, were retained by the Company to audit the financial statements and have issued an audit report relating to the financial statements. Operation report, financial statements and proposal for profit distribution have been reviewed and determined to be correct and accurate by the Audit Committee members of the Company. In accordance with Article 14-4 of the ROC Securities and Exchange Act we hereby submit this report.

To
2023 annual shareholders meeting

IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman)

Convener of Audit Committee
Tom Chang

Date：March 22, 2023

Attachment 3



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman)

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman) and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Evaluation of inventories

Description

Refer to Note 4(10) for accounting policies on evaluation of inventories, Note 5 for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to evaluation of inventories and Note 6(4) for the details of loss allowance for inventories.

The Group is primarily engaged in the manufacturing of compound semiconductor wafers and the manufacturing and selling of epitaxy products. Due to the rapid technological innovations, intense market competition and fluctuations in market prices, there is a higher risk of inventory losses due from market value decline or obsolescence. The Group uses the net realizable value to make provisions for estimated loss related to inventories aged over a certain period and individually identified as obsolete. The aforementioned identification of obsolete inventories and net realizable value is subject to management's judgment. Considering that the Group's inventory and allowance for inventory valuation loss have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements, we considered the allowance for inventory valuation loss a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter:

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

A. Assessed the reasonableness of accounting policies and procedures in relation to allowance for inventory valuation;

B. Validated the appropriateness of inventory aging report used by management to ensure that the information in the inventory aging report is consistent with the corresponding accounting policies; and

C. Obtained the net realizable value calculation report prepared by management, selected samples of inventory items and checked the supporting purchase or sales documents against the accounting records and recalculated the net realizable value to assess the adequacy of allowance for inventory valuation loss.

Recognition of operating revenue

Description

Refer to Note 4(23) for accounting policies on operating revenue.

The Group's operating revenue mainly arises from manufacturing and sales of epitaxy wafers related products. The consolidated operating revenue for 2022 significantly increased compared to 2021, and is significant to the consolidated financial statements. Further, as the Group's customers are spread out across several continents, including America, Europe and Asia, the consolidated operating revenue was

easily affected by the demand of terminal market. Thus, we considered the occurrence and existence of operating revenue a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

A. Obtained an understanding and tested the effectiveness of design and execution of internal controls over the recognition of operating revenue.

B. Searched the public data of the new top 10 major customers and their official company websites to assess the existence of the customer.

C. Obtained the sales details of customers, selected samples of sales transactions at random and examined corresponding documents, such as sales orders, delivery orders, invoices and other related vouchers, and ascertained whether operating revenue was recognized only when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will

always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other

matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wendy Liang　　Alan Chien

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 22, 2023

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN) AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Assets	Notes	December 31, 2022 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash	6(1)	$ 116,296	6	$ 253,811	16
1136	Current financial assets at amortized cost	6(2)	154,160	8	-	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3)	135,510	7	150,255	10
1200	Other receivables		1,344	-	125	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(4)	218,800	12	147,209	9
1410	Prepayments		7,674	1	17,253	1
1479	Other current assets		201	-	269	-
11XX	**Total current assets**		633,985	34	568,922	36
	Non-current assets					
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5)	1,206,337	65	976,823	63
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)	3,966	-	4,501	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(7)	290	-	403	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(8)	8,251	1	14,523	1
15XX	**Total non-current assets**		1,218,844	66	996,250	64
1XXX	**Total assets**		$ 1,852,829	100	$ 1,565,172	100
	Liabilities and Equity					
	Current liabilities					
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(15)	$ 9,117	-	$ 8,704	-
2170	Accounts payable		38,104	2	45,406	3
2200	Accrued expenses and other payables	6(9)	68,322	4	41,923	3
2230	Income tax payable		-	-	3,728	-
2280	Current lease liabilities		834	-	734	-
21XX	**Total current liabilities**		116,377	6	100,495	6
	Non-current liabilities					
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities		6,692	1	7,304	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities		3,388	-	4,076	-
25XX	**Total non-current liabilities**		10,080	1	11,380	1
2XXX	**Total liabilities**		126,457	7	111,875	7
	Equity attributable to owners of parent					
	Share capital	6(11)				
3110	Common share		367,684	20	365,145	23
3170	Share capital awaiting retirement		(136)	-	-	-
	Capital surplus	6(12)				
3200	Capital surplus		647,230	35	634,965	41
	Retained earnings	6(13)				
3310	Legal reserve		106,341	6	97,579	6
3320	Special reserve		121,993	6	80,201	5
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		459,076	25	406,618	26
	Other equity	6(14)				
3400	Other equity interest		23,527	1	(131,894)	(8)
31XX	**Equity attributable to owners of the parent**		1,725,715	93	1,452,614	93
36XX	**Non-controlling interest**		657	-	683	-
3XXX	**Total equity**		1,726,372	93	1,453,297	93
	Significant event after the balance sheet date	9				
3X2X	**Total liabilities and equity**		$ 1,852,829	100	$ 1,565,172	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN) AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)

	Items	Notes	2022 AMOUNT	2022 %	2021 AMOUNT	2021 %
4000	**Operating revenue**	6(15)	$ 892,533	100	$ 753,875	100
5000	**Operating costs**	6(4)(15)(16)(17)	(542,361)	(61)	(489,749)	(65)
5950	**Net gross profit**		350,172	39	264,126	35
	Operating expenses	6(16)(17)				
6100	Selling expenses		(6,120)	(1)	(3,114)	-
6200	General and administrative expenses		(132,995)	(15)	(128,195)	(17)
6300	Research and development expenses		(41,813)	(4)	(37,523)	(5)
6450	Impairment loss determined in accordance with IFRS 9	10(4)	(2,936)	-	(182)	-
6000	**Total operating expenses**		(183,864)	(20)	(169,014)	(22)
6900	**Operating profit**		166,308	19	95,112	13
	Non-operating income and expenses					
7100	Interest income	6(2)(18)	2,925	-	582	-
7010	Other income	6(19)	38	-	8,119	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(20)	21,963	3	(1,044)	-
7050	Finance costs	6(21)	(174)	-	(196)	-
7000	**Total non-operating income and expenses**		24,752	3	7,461	1
7900	**Profit before income tax, net**		191,060	22	102,573	14
7950	Income tax expense	6(22)	(33,305)	(4)	(14,970)	(2)
8200	**Net income for the year**		$ 157,755	18	$ 87,603	12
	Other comprehensive income, net					
	Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8361	Cumulative translation differences of foreign operations		$ 160,810	18	($ 41,792)	(6)
8500	**Total comprehensive income for the year**		$ 318,565	36	$ 45,811	6
	Profit (loss) attributable to:					
8610	Owners of the parent		$ 157,781	18	$ 87,622	12
8620	Non-controlling interest		(26)	-	(19)	-
	Total		$ 157,755	18	$ 87,603	12
	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:					
8710	Owners of the parent		$ 318,591	36	$ 45,830	6
8720	Non-controlling interest		(26)	-	(19)	-
	Total		$ 318,565	36	$ 45,811	6
	Earnings per share (in dollars)					
9750	**Basic earnings per share**	6(23)	$	4.34	$	2.45
9850	**Diluted earnings per share**	6(23)	$	4.31	$	2.43

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN) AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent										
		Capital			Retained Earnings							
	Notes	Common share	Share capital awaiting retirement	Capital suplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Other equity	Treasury share	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
2021												
Balance at January 1, 2021		$ 365,181	$ -	$ 621,550	$ 90,991	$ 9,398	$ 432,392	($ 94,316)	($ 26,816)	$1,398,380	$ 702	$1,399,082
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	87,622	-	-	87,622	(19)	87,603
Other comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	(41,792)	-	(41,792)	-	(41,792)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	87,622	(41,792)	-	45,830	(19)	45,811
Appropriations of 2020 earnings												
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	70,803	(70,803)	-	-	-	-	-
Legal reserve		-	-	-	6,588	-	(6,588)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(13)	-	-	-	-	-	(36,005)	-	-	(36,005)	-	(36,005)
Issuance of restricted stocks to employees	6(10)	-	-	(215)	-	-	-	4,214	-	3,999	-	3,999
Retirement of restricted stocks to employees	6(11)	(36)	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation cost of treasury shares transferred to employees	6(12)	-	-	11,355	-	-	-	-	-	11,355	-	11,355
Treasury shares transferred to employees		-	-	2,239	-	-	-	-	26,816	29,055	-	29,055
Balance at December 31, 2021		$ 365,145	$ -	$ 634,965	$ 97,579	$ 80,201	$ 406,618	($ 131,894)	$ -	$1,452,614	$ 683	$1,453,297
2022												
Balance at January 1, 2022		$ 365,145	$ -	$ 634,965	$ 97,579	$ 80,201	$ 406,618	($ 131,894)	$ -	$1,452,614	$ 683	$1,453,297
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	157,781	-	-	157,781	(26)	157,755
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	160,810	-	160,810	-	160,810
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	157,781	160,810	-	318,591	(26)	318,565
Appropriations of 2021 earnings												
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	41,792	(41,792)	-	-	-	-	-
Legal reserve		-	-	-	8,762	-	(8,762)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(13)	-	-	-	-	-	(54,769)	-	-	(54,769)	-	(54,769)
Issuance of restricted stocks to employees	6(10)	-	-	(430)	-	-	-	9,709	-	9,279	-	9,279
Retirement of restricted stocks to employees	6(11)	(36)	(36)	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted stocks to employees exercised	6(11)	2,575	(100)	12,623	-	-	-	(15,098)	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2022		$ 367,684	($ 136)	$ 647,230	$ 106,341	$ 121,993	$ 459,076	$ 23,527	$ -	$1,725,715	$ 657	$1,726,372

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN) AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax for the year		$ 191,060	$ 102,573
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile income before tax to net cash			
Depreciation	6(5)(6)	97,810	75,294
Amortization	6(7)	332	5,018
Compensation cost of share-based payment	6(10)(17)	9,279	15,354
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(20)	20	99
Gains on disposal of investments	6(20)	(15,857)	-
Interest income	6(18)	(2,925)	(582)
Interest expense	6(21)	174	196
Expected credit loss	10(4)	2,936	182
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Accounts receivable		28,258	(622)
Inventories		(55,477)	12,898
Prepayments		18,589	(8,699)
Other receivables		(1,219)	443
Other current assets		97	331
Changes in operating liabilities			
Accounts payable		(12,272)	19,172
Contract liabilities		(540)	3,168
Accrued expenses and other payables		29,075	(1,169)
Cash inflow generated from operations		289,340	223,656
Income tax paid		(43,072)	(1,969)
Interest paid		(174)	(196)
Interest received		2,022	575
Net cash flows from operating activities		248,116	222,066
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(25)	(196,495)	(75,327)
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(7)	(191)	(127)
Increase in financial assets at amortized cost		(154,160)	-
Proceeds from government grants	6(5)	3,136	2,783
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		47	557
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(347,663)	(72,114)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities		(884)	(1,070)
Cash dividends paid		(54,769)	(36,005)
Cash received from treasury shares sold to employees		-	29,055
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(55,653)	(8,020)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		17,685	(4,137)
Net (decrease) increase in cash		(137,515)	137,795
Cash at beginning of year		253,811	116,016
Cash at end of year		$ 116,296	$ 253,811

Attachment 4

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
1.2	In the Articles: (a)~(g) (略) (h) Section 8 and 19.(3) of the Electronic Transactions ~~Law~~ Act shall not apply.	In the Articles: (a)~(g) (略) (h) Section 8 of the Electronic Transactions Law shall not apply.	Cayman Law amendment
16.4	The general meeting may be held by video conference or any other permissible manner announced by the Taiwan competent authority of the R.O.C. Company Law. The general meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Directors shall appoint provided that unless otherwise provided by the Statute or this Article 16.4, the physical general meetings shall be held in Taiwan. For physical general meetings to be held outside Taiwan, the Company shall comply with the relevant procedures and approvals prescribed by the relevant authority in Taiwan. Where a physical general meeting is to be held outside Taiwan, the Company shall engage a professional securities agent in Taiwan to handle the administration of such general meeting (including but not limited to the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members). Where a general meeting is held by video conference, the participation by a Member in such video conference is treated as presence in person at that meeting, and the Company shall comply with the relevant qualifications, procedures and other requirements as prescribed by the Applicable	The general meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Directors shall appoint provided that unless otherwise provided by the Statute or this Article 16.4, the general meetings shall be held in Taiwan. For general meetings to be held outside Taiwan, the Company shall comply with the relevant procedures and approvals prescribed by the relevant authority in Taiwan. Where a general meeting is to be held outside Taiwan, the Company shall engage a professional securities agent in Taiwan to handle the administration of such general meeting (including but not limited to the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members).	In accordance with amendments on “Checklist for protection of Shareholders' Rights and Interests” promulgated by the Taipei Exchange

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	Public Company Rules.		
16.9	~~Other than where the board of Directors is unwilling or unable to convene a general meeting, that an Independent Director of the Audit Committee may convene a general meeting, an Independent Director of the Audit Committee may convene a general meeting for the interest of the Company if necessary.~~	Other than where the board of Directors is unwilling or unable to convene a general meeting, that an Independent Director of the Audit Committee may convene a general meeting, an Independent Director of the Audit Committee may convene a general meeting for the interest of the Company if necessary.	In accordance with amendments on "Checklist for protection of Shareholders' Rights and Interests" promulgated by the Taipei Exchange
16.~~10~~9	Any one or more Members holding in aggregate more than half of the total number of the issued Shares of the Company as at the relevant book close period, for at least three (3) consecutive months may convene an extraordinary general meeting.	Any one or more Members holding in aggregate more than half of the total number of the issued Shares of the Company as at the relevant book close period, for at least three (3) consecutive months may convene an extraordinary general meeting.	Article number amendment
16.~~11~~10	The board of Directors or any person who is entitled to call or convene a general meeting under these Articles may demand the Company or the Company's securities agent to provide the Register of Members.	The board of Directors or any person who is entitled to call or convene a general meeting under these Articles may demand the Company or the Company's securities agent to provide the Register of Members.	Article number amendment
19.6	~~If a general meeting is to be held in Taiwan, the Directors may determine in their discretion that the voting power of a Member at such general meeting may be exercised by way of a written ballot or by way of an electronic transmission. If a general meeting is to be held outside of Taiwan, the methods by which Members are permitted to exercise their voting power shall include written ballot or voting by way of an electronic transmission~~. The voting right of a Member may be exercised by way of an electronic transmission	If a general meeting is to be held in Taiwan, the Directors may determine in their discretion that the voting power of a Member at such general meeting may be exercised by way of a written ballot or by way of an electronic transmission. If a general meeting is to be held outside of Taiwan, the methods by which Members are permitted to exercise their voting power shall include written ballot or voting by way of an electronic transmission. Where these methods of exercising voting power are to be	In accordance with amendments on "Checklist for protection of Shareholders' Rights and Interests" promulgated by the Taipei Exchange

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	(which shall be indicated on the notice of the general meeting). Where ~~these~~ the methods of exercising voting power by way of written ballot or electronic transmission are to be available at a general meeting, they shall be described in the general meeting notice given to the Members in respect of the relevant general meeting, and the Member voting by written ballot or electronic transmission shall submit such vote to the Company two days prior to the date of the relevant meeting. In case that there are duplicate submissions, the first received by the Company shall prevail. A Member exercising voting power by way of a written ballot or by way of an electronic transmission shall be deemed to have appointed the chairman of the general meeting as his proxy to exercise his or her voting right at such general meeting in accordance with the instructions stipulated in the written or electronic document; provided, however, that such appointment shall be deemed not to constitute the appointment of a proxy for the purposes of the Applicable Public Company Rules. The chairman, acting as proxy of a Member, shall not exercise the voting right of such Member in any way not stipulated in the written or electronic document, nor exercise any voting right in respect of any resolution revised at the meeting or any impromptu proposal at the meeting. A Member voting in such manner shall be deemed to have waived notice of, and the right to vote in regard to, any ad hoc resolution or amendment to the original agenda items to be resolved at the said	available at a general meeting, they shall be described in the general meeting notice given to the Members in respect of the relevant general meeting, and the Member voting by written ballot or electronic transmission shall submit such vote to the Company two days prior to the date of the relevant meeting. In case that there are duplicate submissions, the first received by the Company shall prevail. A Member exercising voting power by way of a written ballot or by way of an electronic transmission shall be deemed to have appointed the chairman of the general meeting as his proxy to exercise his or her voting right at such general meeting in accordance with the instructions stipulated in the written or electronic document; provided, however, that such appointment shall be deemed not to constitute the appointment of a proxy for the purposes of the Applicable Public Company Rules. The chairman, acting as proxy of a Member, shall not exercise the voting right of such Member in any way not stipulated in the written or electronic document, nor exercise any voting right in respect of any resolution revised at the meeting or any impromptu proposal at the meeting. A Member voting in such manner shall be deemed to have waived notice of, and the right to vote in regard to, any ad hoc resolution or amendment to the original agenda items to be resolved at the said general meeting. Should the chairman not observe the instructions of a Member in exercising such Member's voting right in respect of any resolution, the Shares held by such Member	

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	general meeting. Should the chairman not observe the instructions of a Member in exercising such Member's voting right in respect of any resolution, the Shares held by such Member shall not be included in the calculation of votes in respect of such resolution but shall nevertheless be included in the calculation of quorum for the meeting.	shall not be included in the calculation of votes in respect of such resolution but shall nevertheless be included in the calculation of quorum for the meeting.	
22.2	In the event any part of the Company's business is Spun Off or involved in any Merger, Acquisition, or Share Swap, the Member, who has ~~forfeited his right to vote~~ voted against or abstained from voting on such matter and expressed his dissent therefor, in writing or verbally (with a record) before or during the general meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her Shares at the then prevailing fair price. The Shares for which voting right has been abstained in accordance to this Article 22.2 shall not be counted in the number of votes casted by the Member at a general meeting.	In the event any part of the Company's business is Spun Off or involved in any Merger, Acquisition, or Share Swap, the Member, who has forfeited his right to vote on such matter and expressed his dissent therefor, in writing or verbally (with a record) before or during the general meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her Shares at the then prevailing fair price.	In accordance with amendments on "Checklist for protection of Shareholders' Rights and Interests" promulgated by the Taipei Exchange
28.2	In the event of any of the following events having occurred in relation to any Director, such Director shall be vacated automatically: (a)~(c) (略) (d) he commits ~~a felony~~ the offense under the Organized Crime Prevent Act of the R.O.C and is subsequently adjudicated guilty by a final judgment, and has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not served the full term or less than five years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence,	In the event of any of the following events having occurred in relation to any Director, such Director shall be vacated automatically: (a)~(c) (略) (d) he commits a felony and is subsequently adjudicated guilty by a final judgment, and has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not served the full term or less than five years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, expiry of probation period or date in which he has been	In accordance with amendments on "Checklist for protection of Shareholders' Rights and Interests" promulgated by the Taipei Exchange

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	expiry of probation period or date in which he has been pardoned; (e)~(k) (略) In the event that the foregoing events described in any of clauses (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (k) has occurred in relation to a Director elect, such Director elect shall be disqualified from being elected as a Director.	pardoned; (e)~(k) (略) In the event that the foregoing events described in any of clauses (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (k) has occurred in relation to a Director elect, such Director elect shall be disqualified from being elected as a Director.	
30.5	Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 30, a Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors, which may conflict with the interest of the Company, shall disclose to the meeting his or her interest and the material information of such interest, and shall not vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director; the voting right of such Director who cannot vote or exercise any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present at the board meeting. In the event the Company is engaging in any Merger, Acquisition, or Spin-off, each Director shall discloses the material information of his or her personal interest with such transaction, and his or her reason(s) to ~~approve~~ vote for or ~~disapprove~~ against the proposed resolution of such transaction in the relevant meeting of the Directors and the meeting of the Members~~.~~, and the Company shall accordingly disclose the material information of the Director's personal interest and his or her reason(s) to vote for or against the proposed resolution of such transaction in the notice of the	Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 30, a Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors, which may conflict with the interest of the Company, shall disclose to the meeting his or her interest and the material information of such interest, and shall not vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director; the voting right of such Director who cannot vote or exercise any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present at the board meeting. In the event the Company is engaging in any Merger, Acquisition, or Spin-off, each Director shall discloses the material information of his or her personal interest with such transaction, and his or her reason(s) to approve or disapprove the proposed resolution of such transaction in the relevant meeting of the Directors and the meeting of the Members. Where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a Director, or any company which has a controlling or subordinate relation with a Director, has a personal interest in the matter	In accordance with amendments on "Checklist for protection of Shareholders' Rights and Interests" promulgated by the Taipei Exchange

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	relevant general meeting (as the part of the proposal in the agenda); such contents may be uploaded onto the website designated by the Taiwan competent authorities or by the Company, and the address of such website shall be indicated in the above notice. Where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a Director, or any company which has a controlling or subordinate relation with a Director, has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors in the preceding paragraph, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in such matter.	under discussion at a meeting of the Directors in the preceding paragraph, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in such matter.	

THE COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)

OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

SEVENTH AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN)

- Incorporated April 26, 2011 -

(as adopted by a Special Resolution dated as of [*], 2023)

THE COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)

OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

SEVENTH AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN)

(as adopted by a Special Resolution dated as of [*], 2023)

1 The name of the Company is IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman).

2 The registered office of the Company shall be at the offices of Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands, or at such other place as the Directors may from time to time decide.

3 The objects for which the Company is established are unrestricted and the Company shall have full power and authority to carry out any object not prohibited by the Companies Act (As Revised) or as the same may be revised from time to time, or any other law of the Cayman Islands.

4 The liability of each Member is limited to the amount from time to time unpaid on such Member's shares.

5 The authorised capital of the Company is NT$400,000,000 divided into 40,000,000 shares of NT$10.00 each provided always that subject to the provisions of the Companies Act (As Revised) as amended and the Articles of Association, the Company shall have power to redeem or purchase any or all of such shares and to issue all or any part of its capital whether priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly provide every issue of shares whether stated to be Ordinary, Preference or otherwise shall be subject to the powers on the part of the Company hereinbefore provided.

6 The Company has power to register by way of continuation as a body corporate limited by shares under the laws of any jurisdiction outside the Cayman Islands and to be deregistered in the Cayman Islands.

7 Capitalised terms that are not defined in this Memorandum of Association bear the same meaning as those given in the Articles of Association of the Company.

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THE COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)

OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

SEVENTH AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN)

(as adopted by a Special Resolution dated as of [*], 2023)

1 Interpretation

1.1 In the Articles Table A in the First Schedule to the Statute does not apply and, unless there is something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith:

"**Applicable Public Company Rules**"	means the R.O.C. laws, rules and regulations affecting public reporting companies or companies listed on any R.O.C. stock exchange or securities market, including, without limitation, the relevant provisions of the Company Law, Securities and Exchange Law, the Enterprise Mergers and Acquisitions Law, the rules and regulations promulgated by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, the rules and regulations promulgated by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("**FSC**"), the rules and regulations promulgated by the Taipei Exchange of Taiwan ("**TPEx**") (or, if applicable, the Taiwan Stock Exchange ("**TWSE**")) and the Acts Governing Relations Between Peoples of the Taiwan Area and the Mainland Area and its relevant regulations.
"**Annual Net Income**"	means the audited annual net profit of the Company in respect of the applicable year.
"**Articles**"	means these articles of association of the Company.
"**Acquisition**"	means an acquisition as defined under Article 4 of R.O.C. Enterprise Mergers and Acquisitions Law.
"**Company**"	means the above named company.
"**Directors**"	means the directors for the time being of the Company (which, for clarification, includes any and all Independent Director(s)).

"**Dividend**"	includes an interim dividend.
"**Electronic Record**"	has the same meaning as in the Electronic Transactions Act.
"**Electronic Transactions Act**"	means the Electronic Transactions Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands.
"**FSC**"	means the Financial Supervisory Commission of the R.O.C.
"**Independent Directors**"	means the Directors who are elected by the Members at a general meeting and designated as "Independent Directors" for the purpose of Applicable Public Company Rules which are in force from time to time.
"**Market Observation Post System**"	means the internet information reporting system designated by the FSC.
"**Member**"	has the same meaning as in the Statute.
"**Memorandum**"	means the memorandum of association of the Company.
"**Merger**"	means a transaction whereby (i) all of the companies participating in such transaction are dissolved, and a new company is incorporated to generally assume all rights and obligations of the dissolved companies or (ii) all but one company participating in such transaction are dissolved, and the surviving company generally assumes all rights and obligations of the dissolved companies, and in each case the consideration for the transaction being the shares of the surviving or newly incorporated company or any other company, cash or other assets.
"**Ordinary Resolution**"	means a resolution passed by a simple majority of votes cast by the Members as, being entitled to do so, vote in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting.
"**Private Placement**"	means obtaining subscriptions for, or the sale of, Shares, options, warrants, rights of holders of debt or equity securities which enable those holders to subscribe further securities (including Shares), or other securities of the Company, either by the Company itself or a person authorized by the Company, primarily from or to specific investors or approved by the Company or such authorized person, but excluding any employee incentive programme or subscription agreement, warrant, option or issuance of Shares under Article 11 of these Articles.
"**Register of Members**"	means the register maintained in accordance with the Statute and includes (except where otherwise stated) any duplicate Register of Members.
"**Registered Office**"	means the registered office for the time being of the Company.
"**R.O.C.**"	means the Republic of China.

"**Seal**"	means the common seal of the Company and includes every duplicate seal.
"**Share**" and "**Shares**"	means a share or shares in the Company and includes a fraction of a share.
"**Share Certificate" and "Share Certificates"**	means a certificate or certificates representing a Share or Shares.
"**Share Swap**"	means a share swap as defined under Article 4 of R.O.C. Enterprise Mergers and Acquisitions Law.
"**Solicitor**"	means any Member, a trust enterprise or a securities agent mandated by Member(s) who solicits an instrument of proxy from any other Member to appoint him/it as a proxy to attend and vote at a general meeting instead of the appointing Member pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.
"**Special Resolution**"	means a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by such Members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as special resolution has been duly given.
"**Spin-off**"	refers to an act wherein a transferor company transfers all of its independently operated business or any single independently operated business to an existing or a newly incorporated company as consideration for that existing transferee company or newly incorporated transferee company to issue new shares to the transferor company or to shareholders of the transferor company.
"**Statute**"	means the Companies Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands.
"**Subsidiary**" and "**Subsidiaries**"	means (i) a subordinate company in which the total number of voting shares or total share equity held by the Company represents more than one half of the total number of issued voting shares or the total share equity of such subordinate company; or (ii) a company in which the total number of shares or total share equity of that company held by the Company, its subordinate companies and its controlled companies, directly or indirectly, represents more than one half of the total number of issued voting shares or the total share equity of such company.
"**Supermajority Resolution**"	means (i) a resolution adopted by a majority vote of the Members present and entitled to vote on such resolution at a general meeting attended in person or by proxy by Members who represent two-thirds or more of the total outstanding Shares of the Company or, (ii) if the total number of Shares represented by the Members present at the general meeting is less than two-thirds of the total outstanding Shares of the Company, but more than half of the total outstanding Shares of the Company, a resolution adopted at such general meeting by the Members who represent two-thirds or more of the Shares present and entitled to

	vote on such resolution.
"**TDCC**"	means the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.
"**Treasury Shares**"	means a Share held in the name of the Company as a treasury share in accordance with the Statute.
"**TWSE**"	means the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation.

1.2 In the Articles:

(a) words importing the singular number include the plural number and vice versa;

(b) words importing the masculine gender include the feminine gender;

(c) words importing persons include corporations;

(d) "written" and "in writing" include all modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form, including in the form of an Electronic Record;

(e) references to provisions of any law or regulation shall be construed as references to those provisions as amended, modified, re-enacted or replaced from time to time;

(f) any phrase introduced by the terms "including", "include", "in particular" or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms;

(g) headings are inserted for reference only and shall be ignored in construing the Articles; and

(h) Section 8 and 19(3) of the Electronic Transactions Act shall not apply.

2 Commencement of Business

2.1 The business of the Company may be commenced as soon after incorporation as the Directors shall see fit.

2.2 The Directors may pay, out of the capital or any other monies of the Company, all expenses incurred in or about the formation and establishment of the Company, including the expenses of registration.

2.3 In the course of conducting its business, the Company shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules and business ethics and may take corporate actions to promote public interests in order to fulfill its social responsibilities.

3 Issue of Shares

3.1 Subject to the provisions, if any, in the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and Applicable Public Company Laws (and to any direction that may be given by the Company in general meeting) and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing Shares, the Directors may allot, issue, grant options over or otherwise dispose of Shares with or without preferred,

deferred or other rights or restrictions, whether in regard to Dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise and to such persons, at such times and on such other terms as they think proper, and the Company shall have power to redeem or purchase any or all of such Shares and to issue all or any part of its capital whether priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly provide, every issue of Shares whether stated to be Ordinary, Preference or otherwise, shall be subject to the powers on the part of the Company hereinbefore provided.

3.2 The Company shall not issue Shares to bearer.

3.3 The Company shall not issue any unpaid Shares or partly paid-up Shares.

4 Register of Members

4.1 The Directors shall keep, or cause to be kept, the Register of Members at such place as the Directors may from time to time determine and, in the absence of any such determination, the Register of Members shall be kept at the Registered Office.

4.2 If the Directors consider it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a branch register or registers of members at such location or locations within or outside the Cayman Islands as the Directors think fit. The principal register and the branch register(s) shall together be treated as the Register of Members for the purposes of the Articles.

4.3 For so long as any Shares are listed on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable), title to such listed Shares may be evidenced and transferred in accordance with the laws applicable to and the rules and regulations of the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) that are or shall be applicable to such listed Shares and the Register of Members maintained by the Company in respect of such listed Shares may be kept by recording the particulars required by section 40 of the Statute in a form otherwise than legible if such recording otherwise complies with the laws applicable to and the rules and regulations of the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) that are or shall be applicable to such listed Shares.

5 Closing Register of Members or Fixing Record Date

5.1 For the purpose of determining Members entitled to notice of, or to vote at any meeting of Members or any adjournment thereof, or Members entitled to receive payment of any Dividend, or in order to make a determination of Members for any other purpose, the Directors shall determine the period that the Register of Members shall be closed for transfers and such period shall not be less than the minimum period of time prescribed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.

5.2 Subject to Article 5.1 hereof, in lieu of, or apart from, closing the Register of Members, the Directors may fix in advance or arrears a date as the record date for any such determination of Members entitled to notice of, or to vote at any meeting of the Members or any adjournment thereof, or for the purpose of determining the Members entitled to receive payment of any Dividend or in order to make a determination of Members for any other purpose. In the event the Directors designate a record date in accordance with this Article 5.2, the Directors shall make a public announcement of such record date via the Market Observation Post System in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

5.3 The rules and procedures governing the implementation of book closed periods, including notices to Members in regard to book closed periods, shall be in accordance with policies adopted by the Directors from time to time, which policies shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

6 Share Certificates

6.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company shall issue Shares without printing Share Certificates for the Shares issued, and the details regarding such issue of Shares shall be recorded by TDCC in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. A Member shall only be entitled to a Share Certificate if the Directors resolve that Share Certificates shall be issued. Share Certificates, if any, shall be in such form as the Directors may determine. Share Certificates shall be signed by one or more Directors authorised by the Directors. The Directors may authorise Share Certificates to be issued with the authorised signature(s) affixed by mechanical process. All Share Certificates shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified and shall specify the Shares to which they relate. All Share Certificates surrendered to the Company for transfer shall be cancelled and subject to the Articles. No new Share Certificate shall be issued until the former Share Certificate representing a like number of relevant Shares shall have been surrendered and cancelled.

6.2 In the event that the Directors resolve that Share Certificates shall be issued pursuant to Article 6.1 hereof, the Company shall deliver the Share Certificates to the subscribers within thirty days from the date such Share Certificates may be issued pursuant to the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules, and shall make a public announcement prior to the delivery of such Share Certificates pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.

6.3 No Shares may be registered in the name of more than one Member.

6.4 If a Share Certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and on the payment of such expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in investigating evidence, as the Directors may prescribe, and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) upon delivery of the old Share Certificate.

7 Preferred Shares

7.1 The Company may issue Shares with rights which are preferential to those of ordinary Shares issued by the Company ("**Preferred Shares**") with the approval of a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors and with the approval of a Special Resolution.

7.2 Prior to the issuance of any Preferred Shares approved pursuant to Article 7.1 hereof, the Articles shall be amended to set forth the rights and obligations of the Preferred Shares, including but not limited to the following terms, and provided that such rights and obligations of the Preferred Shares shall not contradict the mandatory provisions of Applicable Public Company Rules regarding the rights and obligations of such Preferred Shares, and the same shall apply to any variation of rights of Preferred Shares:

(a) Order, fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of Dividends and bonus on Preferred Shares;

(b) Order, fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of surplus assets of the Company;

(c) Order of or restriction on the voting right(s) (including declaring no voting rights whatsoever) of preferred Members;

(d) Other matters concerning rights and obligations incidental to Preferred Shares; and

(e) The method by which the Company is authorized or compelled to redeem the Preferred Shares, or a statement that redemption rights shall not apply.

8 Issuance of New Shares

8.1 The issue of new Shares of the Company shall be approved by a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors. The issue of new Shares shall at all times be subject to the sufficiency of the authorised capital of the Company.

8.2 Unless otherwise resolved by the Members in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution, where the Company increases its capital by issuing new Shares for cash, the Company shall make a public announcement and notify each Member that he/she/it is entitled to exercise a pre-emptive right to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of any new Shares issued in the capital increase in cash. A waiver of such pre-emptive right may be approved at the same general meeting where the subject issuance of new Shares is approved by the Members. The Company shall state in such announcement and notices to the Members that if any Member fails to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of the newly-issued Shares within the prescribed period, such Member shall be deemed to forfeit his/her/its pre-emptive right to purchase the newly-issued Shares. Subject to Article 6.3, in the event that Shares held by a Member are insufficient for such Member to exercise the pre-emptive right to purchase one newly-issued Share, Shares held by several Members may be calculated together for joint purchase of newly-issued Shares or for purchase of newly-issued Shares in the name of a single Member pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. If the total number of the new Shares to be issued has not been fully subscribed by the Members within the prescribed period, the Company may offer any un-subscribed new Shares to be issued to the public in Taiwan or to specific person or persons according to the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8.3 Where the Company increases its capital in cash by issuing new Shares in Taiwan, the Company shall allocate 10% of the total amount of the new Shares to be issued, for offering in Taiwan to the public unless it is not necessary or appropriate, as determined by the Directors according to the Applicable Public Company Rules and/or the instruction of the FSC or TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable), for the Company to conduct the aforementioned public offering. Provided however, if a percentage higher than the aforementioned 10% is resolved by a general meeting to be offered, the percentage determined by such resolution shall prevail.

8.4 Members' rights to subscribe for newly-issued Shares may be transferred independently from the Shares from which such rights are derived. The rules and procedures governing the transfer of rights to subscribe for newly-issued Shares shall be in accordance with policies established by the Company from time to time, which policies shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8.5 The pre-emptive right of Members provided under Article 8.2 shall not apply in the event that new Shares are issued due to the following reasons or for the following purposes: (a) in

connection with a Merger with another company, or the Spin-off of the Company, or pursuant to any reorganization of the Company; (b) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under Share subscription warrants and/or options, including those referenced in Article 11; (c) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under convertible bonds or corporate bonds vested with rights to acquire Shares; (d) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under Preferred Shares vested with rights to acquire Shares; (e) in connection with a Private Placement; or (f) in connection with the issue of Restricted Shares in accordance with Article 8.7.

8.6 The periods of notice and other rules and procedures for notifying Members and implementing the exercise of the Members' pre-emptive rights shall be in accordance with policies established by the Directors from time to time, which policies shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8.7 The Company may, with the approval of a Supermajority Resolution in a general meeting, issue new Shares with restricted rights to the employees of the Company ("**Restricted Shares**") and the provision of Article 8.2 shall not apply to any such issue of Restricted Shares. The terms of issue of Restricted Shares, including, but not limited to the number, issue price and issue conditions shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8.8 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company may, by resolutions of the Members passed at a general meeting attended by Members who represent a majority of the outstanding Shares and approved by the Members who represent two-thirds or more of the Shares present and entitled to vote on such resolution, conduct Private Placements, and shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules to determine, *inter alias*, the purchaser(s), the types of securities, the determination of the offer price, and the restrictions on transfer of securities of such Private Placement.

8.9 The Company shall notify each subscriber the deadline to pay the consideration of such subscription. If the new Shares are issued at a premium (higher than the par value), the share premiums shall be paid together with par value of the shares simultaneously. In the event that the subscriber fails to pay the full consideration of the new Shares before such deadline, the Company shall notify such subscriber to pay the consideration within a cure period no less than one month and that any failure to pay the consideration in full within the given cure period will result in such subscriber's right to subscribe the New Shares been forfeited. The subscribers who fail to pay according to the Company's notice shall be deemed to have forfeited their rights, and the New Shares subscribed by them could be offered and sold to others by the Company. Under the aforesaid circumstances, the Company is still entitled to claim against such defaulting subscribers for the compensation for loss or damage, if any.

9 Transfer of Shares

9.1 Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, Shares issued by the Company shall be freely transferable.

9.2 Subject to these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules, any Member may transfer all or any of his Shares by an instrument of transfer.

9.3 The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of a Share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members.

9.4 Notwithstanding Article 9.2 above, transfers of Shares which are listed on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable), may be effected by any method of transferring or dealing in securities permitted by TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable),which is in accordance with the Applicable Public Companies Rules as appropriate and which have been approved by the Board for such purpose.

10 Repurchase of Shares

10.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum, and the Articles, the Company may purchase its own Shares listed on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) on such terms as are approved by resolutions of the Directors passed at a meeting of the board of Directors attended by more than two-thirds of members of the board and approved by a majority of the Directors present at such meeting, provided that any such repurchase shall be in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. In the event that the Company proposes to purchase any Shares listed on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) pursuant to this Article, the approval of the board of Directors and the implementation thereof shall be reported to the Members at the next general meeting in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. Such reporting obligation shall apply even if the Company does not implement the repurchase proposal for any reason.

10.2 The Company may make a payment in respect of the repurchase of its own Shares in any manner permitted by the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

10.3 The board of Directors may, prior to the purchase or redemption of any Share under Article 10.1, determine that such Share shall be held as Treasury Share.

10.4 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Directors may determine to cancel a Treasury Share or transfer a Treasury Share to the employees on such terms as they think proper (including, without limitation, for nil consideration).

10.5 Notwithstanding Article 10.4, if the Company repurchases any Shares traded on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) and hold such Shares as Treasury Shares (the "**Repurchased Treasury Shares**"), any proposal to transfer the Repurchased Treasury Shares to any employees of the Company by the Company at the price below the average repurchase price paid by the Company for Repurchased Treasury Shares (the "**Average Purchase Price**") shall require the approval of a resolution passed by two-thirds or more of the Members present at the next general meeting who hold a majority of the total number of the Company's outstanding Shares as at the date of such general meeting, and shall specify such motion in the meeting notice of that general meeting in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules which shall not be brought up as an ad hoc motion.

10.6 The aggregate number of Treasury Shares to be transferred to employees pursuant to Article 10.5 shall not exceed 5 percent of the Company's total issued and outstanding Shares as at the date of transfer of any Treasury Shares and the aggregate number of Treasury Shares transferred to any individual employee shall not exceed 0.5 percent of the Company's total issued and outstanding Shares as at the date of transfer of any Treasury Shares to such employee. The Company may impose restrictions on the transfer of such Shares by the employee for a period of no more than two years.

10.7 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in Article 10.1 to 10.6, and subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company may, with the approval of an Ordinary Resolution, compulsorily redeem or repurchase Shares, provided that such Shares shall be cancelled upon redemption or repurchase and such redemption or repurchase will be effected pro rata based on the percentage of shareholdings of the Members, unless otherwise provided for in the Statute or the Applicable Public Company Rules. Payments in respect of any such redemption or repurchase, if any, may be made either in cash or by distribution of specific assets of the Company, as specified in the Ordinary Resolution approving the redemption or repurchase, provided that (a) the relevant Shares will be cancelled upon such redemption or repurchase and will not be held by the Company as Treasury Shares, and (b) where assets other than cash are distributed to the Members, the type of assets, the value of the assets and the corresponding amount of such substitutive distribution shall be (i) assessed by an R.O.C. certified public account before being submitted to the Members for approval and (ii) agreed to by the Member who will receive such assets.

11 Employee Incentive Programme

11.1 The Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, adopt one or more incentive programmes and may issue Shares or options, warrants or other similar instruments, to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries. The rules and procedures governing such incentive programme(s) shall be in accordance with policies established by the Directors from time to time in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

11.2 Options, warrants or other similar instruments issued in accordance with Article 11.1 above are not transferable save by inheritance.

11.3 The Company may enter into share option agreements with employees of the Company and the employees of its Subsidiaries in relation to the incentive programme approved pursuant to Article 11.1 above, whereby employees may subscribe, within a specific period of time, a specific number of the Shares. The terms and conditions of such agreements shall be no less restrictive on the relevant employee than the terms specified in the applicable incentive programme.

11.4 Directors of the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not be eligible for the employee incentive programmes under this Article 11, provided that directors who are also employees of the Company or its Subsidiaries may participate in an employee incentive programme in their capacity as an employee and not as a director of the Company or its Subsidiaries.

12 Variation of Rights of Shares

12.1 If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of Shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of the Shares of that class. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any modification or alteration in the Articles is prejudicial to the preferential rights of any class of Shares, such modification or alteration shall be adopted by a Special Resolution and shall also be adopted by a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of Members of that class of Shares.

12.2 The provisions of the Articles relating to general meetings shall apply to every class meeting of the holders of the same class of the Shares.

12.3 The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further Shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

13 Transmission of Shares

13.1 If a Member dies, the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, or his legal personal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest. The estate of a deceased Member is not thereby released from any liability in respect of any Share which had been jointly held by him.

13.2 Any person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or liquidation or dissolution of a Member (or in any way other than by transfer) shall give written notice to the Company and, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors, may elect, by a notice in writing sent by him, either to become the holder of such Share or to have some person nominated by him become the holder of such Share.

14 Amendments of Memorandum and Articles of Association and Alteration of Capital

14.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statute and the provisions of these Articles as regards the matters to be dealt with by Ordinary Resolution, the Company may by Special Resolution:

(a) change its name;

(b) alter or add to these Articles;

(c) alter or add to the Memorandum with respect to any objects, powers or other matters specified therein;

(d) reduce its share capital and any capital redemption reserve fund; and

(e) increase its authorised share capital by such sum as the resolution shall prescribe or cancel any Shares that at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, provided that in the event of any change to its authorised share capital, the Company shall also procure the amendment of its Memorandum by the Members to reflect such change.

14.2 Subject to the provisions of the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company shall not, without a Supermajority Resolution:

(a) sell, transfer or lease of whole business of the Company or other matters which has a material effect on the Members' rights and interests;

(b) discharge or remove any Director;

(c) approve any action by one or more Director(s) who is engaging in business conduct for him/herself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business;

(d) effect any capitalization of distributable Dividends and/or bonuses and/or any other amount prescribed under Article 35 hereof;

(e) effect any Merger, Spin-off or Private Placement, provided that any Merger which falls within the definition of “merger and/or consolidation” under the Statute shall also be subject to the requirements of the Statute;

(f) enter into, amend, or terminate any agreement for lease of the Company's whole business, or for entrusted business, or for frequent joint operation with others;

(g) transfer its business or assets, in whole or in any essential part, provided that, the foregoing does not apply where such transfer is pursuant to the dissolution of the Company;

(h) acquire or assume the whole business or assets of another person, which has material effect on the Company’s operation; or

(i) Share Swap.

14.3 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the provisions of these Articles, and the quorum requirement under the Applicable Public Company Rules, with regard to the dissolution procedures of the Company, the Company shall pass

(a) an Ordinary Resolution, if the Company resolves that it be wound up voluntarily because it is unable to pay its debts as they fall due; or

(b) a Special Resolution, if the Company resolves that it be wound up voluntarily for reasons other than the reason stated in Article 14.3(a) above.

14.4 Subject to the provisions of the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, without a supermajority resolution passed by the Memebers holding two-thirds or more of the total issued and outstanding Shares at a general meeting attended in person or by proxy by Members who represent two-thirds or more of the total issued and outstanding Shares, the Company shall not effect any Merger where the Company is dissolved, general transfer of all assets and liabilities of the Company, Share Swap or Spin-off whereby (a) such transaction will cause the Shares to be delisted under the Applicable Public Company Rules, and (b) the surviving, transferee, existing or newly incorporated company, as applicable, participating in such transaction is not a TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) listed company.

15 Registered Office

Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company may by resolution of the Directors change the location of its Registered Office.

16 General Meetings

16.1 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

16.2 The Company shall hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting within six months following the end of each fiscal year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it. At these meetings, the report of the Directors (if any) shall be presented.

16.3 The Company shall hold an annual general meeting every year.

16.4 The general meeting may be held by video conference or any other permissible manner announced by the Taiwan competent authority of the R.O.C. Company Law. The general meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Directors shall appoint provided that unless otherwise provided by the Statute or this Article 16.4, the physical general meetings shall be held in Taiwan. For physical general meetings to be held outside Taiwan, the Company shall comply with the relevant procedures and approvals prescribed by the relevant authority in Taiwan. Where a physical general meeting is to be held outside Taiwan, the Company shall engage a professional securities agent in Taiwan to handle the administration of such general meeting (including but not limited to the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members). Where a general meeting is held by video conference, the participation by a Member in such video conference is treated as presence in person at that meeting, and the Company shall comply with the relevant qualifications, procedures and other requirements as prescribed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.

16.5 The Directors may call general meetings, and they shall on a Members requisition forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.

16.6 A Members requisition is a requisition of Member(s) of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than 3% of the total number of the outstanding Shares at the time of requisition and whose Shares shall have been held by such Member(s) for at least one year.

16.7 The requisition must state in writing the matters to be discussed at the extraordinary general meeting and the reason therefor and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Registered Office, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

16.8 If the Directors do not within fifteen days from the date of the deposit of the requisition dispatch the notice of an extraordinary general meeting, the requisitionists may themselves convene an extraordinary general meeting in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

16.9 Any one or more Members holding in aggregate more than half of the total number of the issued Shares of the Company as at the relevant book close period, for at least three (3) consecutive months may convene an extraordinary general meeting.

16.10 The board of Directors or any person who is entitled to call or convene a general meeting under these Articles may demand the Company or the Company's securities agent to provide the Register of Members.

17 Notice of General Meetings

17.1 At least thirty days' notice to each Member shall be given of any annual general meeting, and at least fifteen days' notice to each Member shall be given of any extraordinary general meeting. Every notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is given or deemed to be given and of the day for which it is given and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of the meeting and the general nature of the business and shall be given in the manner hereinafter mentioned, or be given via electronic means if agreed thereon by the Members, or be given in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company, provided that a general meeting of the Company shall, whether or not the notice specified in this regulation has been given and whether or not the provisions of the Articles regarding general meetings have been complied with, be deemed to have been duly convened if it is so agreed by all the Members (or their proxies) entitled to attend such general meeting.

17.2 The accidental omission to give notice of a general meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice of a general meeting by, any Member entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings of that general meeting.

17.3 In the event the Company has acquired public company status in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company shall, at least thirty days prior to any annual general meeting or at least fifteen days prior to any extraordinary meeting (as the case may be), transform the notice of such general meeting, instrument of proxy, the businesses and their explanatory materials of any sanction, discussion, election or removal of Directors into electronic format and transmitted the same to the Market Observation Post System. If the voting power in any general meeting will be exercised by way of a written ballot, the written ballot and the aforementioned information of such general meeting shall together be delivered to each Member.

17.4 The Directors shall prepare a meeting handbook of the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials available for inspection by the Members, which will be placed at the office of the Company’s registrar (if applicable) and the Company’s securities agent, distributed at the meeting venue, and transmitted to the Market Observation Post System in accordance with and within the period required by the Applicable Public Company Rules.

17.5 Matters pertaining to (a) election or discharge of Directors, (b) alteration of the Articles, (c) reduction of share capital, (d) application for de-registration as a public company, and (e) (i) dissolution, Merger, Share Swap, or Spin-off, (ii) entering into, amending, or terminating any contract for lease of the Company's business in whole, or the delegation of management of the Company’s business to others or the regular joint operation of the Company with others, (iii) transfer of the whole or any material part of the business or assets of the Company, (iv) acceptance of the transfer of the whole business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the business operation of the Company, (f) ratification of an action by Director(s) who engage(s) in business for him/herself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business, (g) distribution of the whole or a part of the surplus profit of the Company in the form of new Shares, capitalization of statutory reserve and any other amount in accordance with Article 35, and (h) the Private Placement of any equity-type securities issued by the Company, shall be indicated in the notice of general meeting, with a summary of the material content to be discussed, and shall not be brought up as an ad hoc motion. The material contents may be uploaded onto the website designated by the FSC or the Company, and such website shall be indicated in the notice of general meeting.

17.6 The board of Directors shall keep the Articles, minutes of general meetings, financial statements, the Register of Members, and the counterfoil of any corporate bonds issued by the Company at the office of the Company's registrar (if applicable) and the Company's securities agent located in Taiwan. Any of the Members may request, from time to time, by submitting document(s) evidencing his/her interests involved and indicating the designated scope of the inspection, access to inspect, review, make copies or duplicate of the foregoing documents. The Company shall cause the Company's securities agent to provide such Member(s) with access to above documents.

17.7 The Company shall make all statements and records prepared by the board of Directors and the report prepared by the audit committee, if any, available at the office of its registrar (if applicable) and its securities agent located in Taiwan in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules and the Statute. Members may inspect and review the foregoing documents from time to time and may be accompanied by their lawyers or certified public accountants for the purpose of such an inspection and review.

18 Proceedings at General Meetings

18.1 No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. Unless otherwise provided in the Articles, Members present in person or by proxy, representing more than one-half of the total outstanding Shares, shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting.

18.2 The board of Directors shall submit business reports, financial statements and proposals for distribution of profits or covering of losses prepared by it for the purposes of annual general meetings of the Company for ratification or approval by the Members as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules. After ratification or approval by the general meeting, the board of Directors shall distribute or make publicly available on the Market Observation Post System the copies of the ratified financial statements and the Company's resolutions on the allocation and distribution of profits or covering of loss, to each Member in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

18.3 Unless otherwise expressly provided herein and subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, if a quorum is not present at the time appointed for the general meeting or if during such a general meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the chairman may postpone the general meeting to a later time, provided, however, that the maximum number of times a general meeting may be postponed shall be two and the total time postponed shall not exceed one hour. If the general meeting has been postponed for two times, but at the postponed general meeting a quorum is still not present, the chairman shall declare the general meeting is dissolved, and if it is still necessary to convene a general meeting, it shall be reconvened as a new general meeting in accordance with the Articles.

18.4 If a general meeting is called by the Directors, the chairman of the Directors shall preside as the chair of such general meeting. In the event that the chairman is on a leave of absence, or is unable to exercise his powers and authorities, the vice chairman of the Directors shall act in lieu of the chairman. If there is no vice chairman of the Directors, or if the vice chairman of the Directors is also on leave of absence, or cannot exercise his powers and authorities, the chairman shall designate a Director to chair such general meeting. If the chairman does not designate a proxy or if such chairman's proxy cannot exercise his powers and authorities, the Directors who are present at the general meeting shall elect one from among themselves to act as the chair at such general meeting in lieu of the chairman. If a general meeting is called by any person(s) other than the Directors, the person(s) who has called the meeting shall

preside as the chair of such general meeting; and if there is more than one person who has called a general meeting, such persons shall elect one from among themselves to act as the chair of such general meeting.

18.5 A resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a poll. No resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by a show of hands. In computing the required majority when a poll is demanded regard should be had to the number of votes to which each Member is entitled by the Articles.

18.6 In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall not be entitled to a second or casting vote.

18.7 Nothing in the Articles shall prevent any Member from issuing proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction for an appropriate remedy in connection with the improper convening of any general meeting or the improper passage of any resolution. The Taipei District Court, R.O.C., shall be the court of competent jurisdiction for adjudicating any disputes arising out of the foregoing.

18.8 Unless otherwise expressly required by the Statute, the Memorandum or the Articles, any matter which has been presented for resolution, approval, confirmation or adoption by the Members at any general meeting may be passed by an Ordinary Resolution.

18.9 Member(s) holding 1% or more of the total number of outstanding Shares immediately prior to the relevant book closed period may propose to the Company a proposal for discussion at an annual general meeting in writing or by electronic transmission to the extent and in accordance with the rules and procedures of general meetings proposed by the Directors and approved by an Ordinary Resolution. Proposals shall not be included in the agenda where (a) the proposing Member(s) holds less than 1% of the total number of outstanding Shares, (b) where the matter of such proposal may not be resolved by a general meeting, (c) the proposing Member has proposed a proposal containing more than 300 words, or more than one proposal, or (d) such proposal is submitted on a day beyond the deadline announced by the Company for accepting the Member's proposals; provided however, if any of proposal from such Member(s) is to urge the Company to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities, the board of the Directors may accept such proposal to be discussed at a general meeting.

19 Votes of Members

19.1 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any Shares, every Member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every Share of which he is the holder.

19.2 No person shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of a class of Shares unless he is registered as a Member on the record date for such meeting nor unless all calls or other monies then payable by him in respect of Shares have been paid.

19.3 Any objection raised to the qualification of any voter by a Member having voting rights shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

19.4 Votes may be cast either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint only one proxy under one instrument to attend and vote at a meeting.

19.5 A Member holding more than one Share is required to cast the votes in respect of his Shares in the same way on any resolution; provided that a Member who holds Shares for the benefit of others may, to the extent permissible by the provisions of the Statute, cast the votes of the Shares in different ways in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

19.6 The voting right of a Member may be exercised by way of an electronic transmission (which shall be indicated on the notice of the general meeting). Where the methods of exercising voting power by way of written ballot or electronic transmission are to be available at a general meeting, they shall be described in the general meeting notice given to the Members in respect of the relevant general meeting, and the Member voting by written ballot or electronic transmission shall submit such vote to the Company two days prior to the date of the relevant meeting. In case that there are duplicate submissions, the first received by the Company shall prevail. A Member exercising voting power by way of a written ballot or by way of an electronic transmission shall be deemed to have appointed the chairman of the general meeting as his proxy to exercise his or her voting right at such general meeting in accordance with the instructions stipulated in the written or electronic document; provided, however, that such appointment shall be deemed not to constitute the appointment of a proxy for the purposes of the Applicable Public Company Rules. The chairman, acting as proxy of a Member, shall not exercise the voting right of such Member in any way not stipulated in the written or electronic document, nor exercise any voting right in respect of any resolution revised at the meeting or any impromptu proposal at the meeting. A Member voting in such manner shall be deemed to have waived notice of, and the right to vote in regard to, any ad hoc resolution or amendment to the original agenda items to be resolved at the said general meeting. Should the chairman not observe the instructions of a Member in exercising such Member's voting right in respect of any resolution, the Shares held by such Member shall not be included in the calculation of votes in respect of such resolution but shall nevertheless be included in the calculation of quorum for the meeting.

19.7 A Member who has submitted a vote by written ballot or electronic transmission pursuant to Article 19.6 may, at least two days prior to the date of the relevant general meeting, revoke such vote by written ballot or electronic transmission and such revocation shall constitute a revocation of the proxy deemed to be given to the chairman of the general meeting pursuant to Article 19.6. If a Member who has submitted a written ballot or electronic transmission pursuant to Article 19.6 does not submit such a revocation before the prescribed time, the proxy deemed to be given to the chairman of the general meeting pursuant to Article 19.6 shall not be revoked and the chairman of the general meeting shall exercise the voting right of such Member in accordance with that proxy.

19.8 If, subsequent to submitting a written ballot or electronic transmission pursuant to Article 19.6, a Member submits a proxy appointing a person of the general meeting as his proxy to attend the relevant general meeting on his behalf, then the subsequent appointment of that person as his proxy shall be deemed to be a revocation of such Member’s deemed appointment of the chairman of the general meeting as his proxy pursuant to Article 19.6.

20 Proxies

20.1 An instrument of proxy shall be in writing, be executed under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointor is a corporation under the hand of

an officer or attorney duly authorised for that purpose. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company.

20.2 Obtaining an instrument of proxy for attendance of general meetings shall be subject to the following conditions:

(a) the instrument of proxy shall not be obtained in exchange for money or any other interest, provided that this provision shall not apply to souvenirs for a general meeting distributed on behalf of the Company or reasonable fees paid by the Solicitor to any person mandated to handle proxy solicitation matters;

(b) the instrument of proxy shall not be obtained in the name of others; and

(c) an instrument of proxy obtained through solicitation shall not be used as a non-solicited instrument of proxy for attendance of a general meeting.

20.3 Except for the securities agent, a person shall not act as the proxy for more than thirty Members. Any person acting as proxy for three or more Members shall submit to the Company or its securities agent (a) a statement of declaration declaring that the instruments of proxy are not obtained for the purpose of soliciting on behalf of himself/herself or others; (b) a schedule showing details of such instruments of proxy; and (c) the signed or sealed instruments of proxy, in each case, five days prior to the date of the general meeting.

20.4 The Company may mandate a securities agent to act as the proxy for the Members for any general meeting provided that no resolution in respect of the election of Directors is proposed to be voted upon at such meeting. Matters authorized under the mandate shall be stated in the instructions of the instruments of proxy for the general meeting concerned. A securities agent acting as the proxy shall not accept general authorisation from any Member, and shall, within five days after each general meeting of the Company, prepare a compilation report of general meeting attendance by proxy comprising the details of proxy attendance at the general meeting, the status of exercise of voting rights under the instrument of proxy, a copy of the contract, and other matters as required by the R.O.C. securities competent authorities, and maintain the compilation report available at the offices of the securities agent.

20.5 Except for a Member appointing the chairman of a general meeting as his proxy through written ballot or electronic transmission in the exercise of voting power pursuant to Article 19.6, or for trust enterprises organized under the laws of the R.O.C. or a securities agent approved pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules, in the event a person acts as the proxy for two or more Members, the sum of Shares entitled to be voted as represented by such proxy shall be no more than 3% of the total outstanding voting Shares immediately prior to the relevant book closed period; any vote in respect of the portion in excess of such 3% threshold shall not be counted**.** For the avoidance of doubt, the number of the Shares to be represented by a securities agent mandated by the Company in accordance with Article 20.4 shall not be subject to the limit of 3% of the total number of the outstanding voting Shares set forth herein.

20.6 The Shares represented by a person acting as the proxy for three or more Members shall not be more than four times of the number of Shares held by such person and shall not exceed 3% of the total number of the outstanding Shares.

20.7 In the event that a Member exercises his/her/its voting power by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission and has also authorized a proxy to attend a general meeting, then the voting power exercised by the proxy at the general meeting shall prevail.

In the event that any member who has authorised a proxy to attend a general meeting later intends to attend the general meeting in person or to exercise his voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission, he shall, at least two days prior to such general meeting, serve the Company with a separate notice revoking his previous appointment of proxy. Votes by way of proxy shall remain valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke his appointment of such proxy before the prescribed time.

20.8 Each Member is only entitled to execute one instrument of proxy to appoint one proxy. The instrument of proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company not less than five days before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote. In case that there are duplicate instruments of proxy received from the same Member by the Company, the first instrument of proxy received by the Company shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous instrument of proxy in the later-received instrument of proxy.

20.9 The instrument of proxy shall be in the form approved by the Company and be expressed to be for a particular meeting only. The form of proxy shall include at least the following information: (a) instructions on how to complete such proxy, (b) the matters to be voted upon pursuant to such proxy, and (c) basic identification information relating to the relevant Member, proxy and the Solicitor (if any). The form of proxy shall be provided to the Members together with the relevant notice for the relevant general meeting, and such notice and proxy materials shall be distributed to all Members on the same day.

20.10 In the event that a resolution in respect of the election of Directors is proposed to be voted upon at a general meeting, each instrument of proxy for such meeting shall be tallied and verified by the Company's securities agent or any other mandated securities agent prior to the time for holding the general meeting. The following matters should be verified:

(a) whether the instrument of proxy is printed under the authority of the Company;

(b) whether the instrument of proxy is signed or sealed by the appointing Member; and

(c) whether the Solicitor or proxy (as the case may be) is named in the instrument of proxy and whether the name is correct.

20.11 The material contents required to be stated in the instruments of proxy, the meeting handbook or other supplemental materials of such general meeting, the written documents and advertisement of the Solicitor for proxy solicitation, the schedule of the instruments of proxy, the proxy form and other documents printed and published under the authority of the Company shall not contain any false statement or omission.

20.12 Votes given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid unless notice in writing was received by the Company at the Registered Office at least two days prior to the commencement of the general meeting, or adjourned meeting at which it is sought to use the proxy. The notice must set out expressly the reason for the revocation of the proxy, whether due to the incapacity or the lack in authority of the principal at the time issuing the proxy or otherwise.

20.13 A Member who has appointed a proxy shall be entitled to make a request to the Company or its securities agent for examining the way in which his instrument of proxy has been used, within seven days after the relevant general meeting.

20.14 If a general meeting is to be held outside of the R.O.C., the Company shall engage a professional securities agent within the R.O.C. to handle the voting by the Members.

21 Proxy Solicitation

Subject to the provisions of the Statute, matters regarding the solicitation of proxies shall be handled in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies of the R.O.C.

22 Dissenting Member's Appraisal Right

22.1 In the event any of the following resolutions is adopted at general meetings, any Member who has notified the Company in writing of his objection to such a resolution prior to the meeting and has raised again his/her objection at the meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her Shares at the then prevailing fair price:

(a) The Company enters into, amends, or terminates any agreement for any contract for lease of the Company's business in whole, or the delegation of management of the Company's business to other or the regular joint operation of the Company with others;

(b) The Company transfers the whole or a material part of its business or assets, provided that, the foregoing does not apply where such transfer is pursuant to the dissolution of the Company; or

(c) The Company accepts the transfer of the whole business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the Company's business operations.

22.2 In the event any part of the Company's business is Spun Off or involved in any Merger, Acquisition, or Share Swap, the Member, who has voted against or abstained from voting on such matter and expressed his dissent therefor, in writing or verbally (with a record) before or during the general meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her Shares at the then prevailing fair price. The Shares for which voting right has been abstained in accordance to this Article 22.2 shall not be counted in the number of votes casted by the Member at a general meeting.

22.3 The request prescribed in the preceding two Articles shall be delivered to the Company in writing, stating therein the types and numbers of Shares to be repurchased and the requested purchase price, within twenty days commencing from the date on which the resolution was adopted. In the event the Company has reached an agreement in regard to the purchase price with the dissenting Member in regard to the Shares of such Member (the "**appraisal price**"), the Company shall pay such price within ninety days commencing from the date on which the resolution was adopted. In the event the Company fails to reach such agreement with the dissenting Member, the Company shall pay the fair price determined by the Company to such Member within ninety days commencing from the date on which the resolution was adopted, and the Company will be deemed to have agreed to the purchase price requested by the Member if the Company fails to pay within such ninety days.

22.4 With respect to the request made by the dissenting Members pursuant to Article 22.3, in the event the Company fails to reach agreement with any of the dissenting Members in regard to the purchase price within sixty days commencing from the date on which the resolution was adopted, the Company shall, within thirty days after such sixty-day period, file a petition against all such dissenting Members with the Taipei District Court, R.O.C. as the court of competent jurisdiction for a ruling on the appraisal price, and such ruling by such R.O.C. court shall be binding and conclusive as between the Company and such dissenting Members solely with respect to the appraisal price. Notwithstanding the above provisions under this Article 22.4, nothing under this Article shall restrict or prohibit a Member from exercising his right under section 238 of the Statute to payment of the fair value of his shares upon dissenting from a merger or consolidation.

22.5 The payment of appraisal price shall be made at the same time as the delivery of Share Certificates, and transfer of such Shares shall be effective at the time when the transferee's name is entered on the Register of Members.

23 Corporate Members

Any corporation or entity which is a Member may in accordance with its constitutional documents, or in the absence of such provision by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of Members, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the such corporate Member which he represents as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual Member.

24 Shares that May Not be Voted

24.1 Shares in the Company that are beneficially owned by the Company (including Subsidiaries) shall not be voted, directly or indirectly, at any general meeting and shall not be counted in determining the total number of outstanding Shares at any given time.

24.2 A Member who has a personal interest in any motion discussed at a general meeting, which interest may be in conflict with those of the Company, shall abstain from voting such Member's Shares in regard to such motion but such Shares may be counted in determining the number of Shares of the Members present at the such general meeting for the purposes of determining the quorum. The aforementioned Member shall also not vote on behalf of any other Member.

24.3 If any Director creates or has created security over any Shares held by him, then he shall notify the Company of such security. If at any time the security created by a Director is in respect of more than half of the Shares held by him at the time of his appointment, then the voting rights attached to the Shares held by such Director at such time shall be reduced, such that the Shares over which security has been created which are in excess of half of the Shares held by the Director at the date of his appointment shall not carry voting rights and shall not be counted in the number of votes casted by the Member at a general meeting.

25 Directors

25.1 There shall be a board of Directors consisting of no less than five (5) persons and no more than twenty-one (21) persons, including Independent Directors. Before the election of

Directors at a general meeting, Director candidates shall be nominated for election at a general meeting in accordance with the Directors candidate nomination system stipulated in the Applicable Public Company Rules. The shareholders shall elect the Directors from among the nominees listed in the roster of nominated Director candidates. The elections of Independent Directors and other Directors shall be held at the same general meeting, but the votes for the election of the Independent Directors shall be calculated separately in accordance with Article 27.2. Matters related to the candidate nomination, including (without limitation) nomination procedures and announcement of the director candidates, shall be done in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The Directors shall be appointed to a term of office of three (3) years and may be eligible for re-election. The Company may from time to time by the resolution of Directors increase or reduce the number of Directors subject to the above number limitation provided that the requirements by relevant laws and regulations (including but not limited to any listing requirements) are met.

25.2 Unless otherwise approved by TPEx (or the TWSE, if applicable), not more than half of the total number of Directors can have a spousal relationship or familial relationship within the second degree of kinship with any other Directors.

25.3 In the event that the Company convenes a general meeting for the election of Directors and any of the Directors elected does not meet the requirements provided in Article 25.2 hereof, the non-qualifying Director(s) who was elected with the fewest number of votes shall be deemed not to have been elected, to the extent necessary to meet the requirements provided in Article 25.2 hereof. Any person who has already served as Director but is in violation of the aforementioned requirements shall vacate the position of Director automatically.

25.4 Unless otherwise permitted under the Applicable Public Company Rules, there shall be at least three (3) Independent Directors. To the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules, at least one of the Independent Directors shall be domiciled in the R.O.C. and at least one of the same shall have accounting or financial expertise.

25.5 Independent Directors shall have professional knowledge and shall maintain independence within the scope of their directorial duties, and shall not have any direct or indirect interests in the Company. The professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and concurrent positions, and assessment of independence with respect to Independent Directors shall be governed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.

25.6 Any Member(s) holding 1% or more of the Company's issued capital for at least six months may in writing request the Audit Committee to bring action against the Directors in the Taipei District Court, R.O.C., as the court of competent jurisdiction. If the Audit Committee failed to bring such action within thirty days after the request by the Member, such Member may bring the action in the Taipei District Court, R.O.C.,as the court of competent jurisdiction in the name of the Company.

26 Powers of Directors

26.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum and the Articles and to any directions given by Ordinary Resolution, Special Resolution or Supermajority Resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the Memorandum or Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not

been made or that direction had not been given. A duly convened meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Directors.

26.2 All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for monies paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be in such manner as the Directors shall determine by resolution.

26.3 The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof and to issue debentures, debenture stock, mortgages, bonds and other such securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

26.4 The Company may purchase liability insurance for Directors and the Directors shall determine terms of such insurance by resolution, taking into account the standards of the industry within the R.O.C. and overseas.

26.5 The Directors shall faithfully carry out their duties with care, and may be held liable for the damages suffered by the Company for any violation of such duty. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution of any general meeting demand the Directors to disgorge any profit realised from such violation and regard the profits realised as the profits of the Company as if such violation was made for the benefit of the Company. The Directors shall indemnify the Company for any losses or damages incurred by the Company if such loss or damage is incurred as a result of a Director's breach of laws or regulations in the course of performing his duties. The duties of the Directors shall also apply to the managers of the Company.

27 Appointment and Removal of Directors

27.1 The Company may by a majority or, if less than a majority, the most number of votes, at any general meeting elect any person to be a Director, which vote shall be calculated in accordance with Article 27.2 below. The Company may by Supermajority Resolution remove any Director. Members present in person or by proxy, representing more than one-half of the total outstanding Shares shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting to elect one or more Directors.

27.2 Directors shall be elected pursuant to a cumulative voting mechanism pursuant to a poll vote, the procedures for which has been approved and adopted by the Directors and also by an Ordinary Resolution, where the number of votes exercisable by any Member shall be the same as the product of the number of Shares held by such Member and the number of Directors to be elected ("**Special Ballot Votes**"), and the total number of Special Ballot Votes cast by any Member may be consolidated for election of one Director candidate or may be split for election amongst multiple Director candidates, as specified by the Member pursuant to the poll vote ballot. There shall not be votes which are limited to class, party or sector, and any Member shall have the freedom to specify whether to concentrate all of its votes on one or any number of candidate(s) without restriction. A candidate to whom the ballots cast represent a prevailing number of votes shall be deemed a Director elect, and where more than one Director is being elected, the top candidates to whom the votes cast represent a prevailing number of votes relative to the other candidates shall be deemed directors elect. The rule and procedures for such cumulative voting mechanism shall be in accordance with policies proposed by the Directors and approved by an Ordinary Resolution from time to time,

which policies shall be in accordance with the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

27.3 If a Member is a corporation, the authorised representative of such Member may be elected as Director. If such Member has more than one authorised representative, each of the authorised representatives of such Member may be nominated for election at a general meeting.

28 Vacation of Office of Director

28.1 The Company may from time to time remove any Director from office before the expiration of his term of office notwithstanding anything in the Articles to the contrary and may elect new Director to fill such vacancy in accordance with Article 27.1, and unless the resolution approving such removal and election provides otherwise, the retiring Director's office shall be deemed discharged upon the passing of such resolution prior to the expiration of such Director's applicable term of office.

28.2 In the event of any of the following events having occurred in relation to any Director, such Director shall be vacated automatically:

(a) he gives notice in writing to the Company that he resigns the office of Director;

(b) he dies, becomes bankrupt, or had liquidation proceeding commenced against him by a court, or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally;

(c) an order is made by any competent court or official on the grounds that he is or will be suffering from mental disorder or is otherwise incapable of managing his affairs, or his/her legal capacity is restricted according to the applicable laws;

(d) he commits the offense under the Organized Crime Prevent Act of the R.O.C. and is subsequently adjudicated guilty by a final judgment, and has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not served the full term or less than five years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, expiry of probation period or date in which he has been pardoned;

(e) he commits any criminal offence of fraud, breach of trust or misappropriation and is subsequently sentenced with imprisonment for a term of more than one year, and has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not served the full term or less than two years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, expiry of probation period or date in which he has been pardoned;

(f) he is adjudicated guilty by a final judgment for committing the offense as specified in the Anti-corruption Act of R.O.C., misappropriating Company or public funds during the time of his service, and has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not served the full term or less than two years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, expiry of probation period or date in which he has been pardoned;

(g) he is dishonoured for unlawful use of credit instruments, and the term of such sanction has not expired yet;

(h) the Members resolve by a Supermajority Resolution that he should be removed as a Director;

(i) in the event that he has, in the course of performing his duties, committed any act resulting in material damage to the Company or in serious violation of applicable laws and/or regulations or the Memorandum and the Articles, but has not been removed by the Company pursuant to a Supermajority Resolution vote, then any Member(s) holding 3% or more of the total number of outstanding Shares shall have the right, within thirty days after that general meeting, to petition the Taipei District Court, R.O.C. as the competent court for the removal of such Director, at the Company's expense and such Director shall be removed upon the final judgement by such court. For clarification, if a relevant court has competent jurisdiction to adjudicate all of the foregoing matters in a single or a series of proceedings, then, for the purpose of this paragraph (i), final judgement shall be given by such competent court;

(j) is vacated from his office automatically in accordance with Article 28.3; or

(k) he becomes subject to the order of commencement of assistance due to incapacity pursuant to relevant Taiwan law and the order has not yet been revoked.

In the event that the foregoing events described in any of clauses (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (k) has occurred in relation to a Director elect, such Director elect shall be disqualified from being elected as a Director.

28.3 For so long as the Shares are listed on TPEx or TWSE, subject to the Statute and Applicable Public Company Rules, if during the term of office of a Director, any Director (not including Independent Directors) transfers some or all of his Shares such that he holds less than one half of the total number of Shares held by him at the time of his election as a Director, he shall, ipso facto, be vacated from the office of Director automatically.

28.4 For so long as the Shares are listed on TPEx or TWSE, subject to the Statute and Applicable Public Company Rules, if any person is proposed for appointment as a Director (each such person a "proposed director") (not including Independent Directors) at a general meeting (the "relevant general meeting"), such proposed director's appointment shall not become effective (regardless of whether such appointment is purportedly approved at the relevant general meeting, and any resolution which purports to approve such appointment, to the extent it relates to the proposed director's appointment, shall be invalid and ineffective):

(a) if the proposed director sells or transfers more than one half of the total number of Shares which he holds (or held) at the time of the relevant general meeting, during the period after the relevant general meeting, but prior to the commencement of such proposed director's term of office; or

(b) if the proposed director sells or transfers more than one half of the total number of Shares which he holds (or held) at the commencement of the relevant Register Closure Period, during the relevant Register Closure Period.

For the purpose of this Article 28.4, the "Register Closure Period" means, in relation to any general meeting, the period during which the Register of Members is closed for transfers of Shares prior to such general meeting up to and including the date of such general meeting."

29 Proceedings of Directors

29.1 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed shall be over one half of the total number of Directors elected. If the number of Directors is less than five (5) persons due to the vacation of Director(s) for any reason, the Company shall hold an election of Director(s) at the next following general meeting. When the number of vacancies in the board of Directors of the Company is equal to one third of the total number of Directors elected, the board of Directors shall hold, within sixty days, a general meeting of Members to elect succeeding Directors to fill the vacancies.

29.2 Unless otherwise permitted by the Applicable Public Company Rules, if the number of Independent Directors is less than three persons due to the vacation of Independent Directors for any reason, the Company shall hold an election of Independent Directors at the next following general meeting. Unless otherwise permitted by the Applicable Public Company Rules, if all of the Independent Directors are vacated, the board of Directors shall hold, within sixty days, a general meeting to elect succeeding Independent Directors to fill the vacancies.

29.3 Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. Any motions shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall not have a second or casting vote.

29.4 A person may participate in a meeting of the Directors or committee of Directors by video conference. Participation by a person in a meeting in this manner is treated as presence in person at that meeting. The time and place for a meeting of the Directors or committee of Directors shall be at the office of the Company and during business hours or at a place and time convenient to the Directors and suitable for holding such meeting.

29.5 The notice of calling a meeting of the Directors shall be delivered by at least seven days' notice in writing (which may be a notice delivered by facsimile transmission or electronic mail) to every Director which notice shall set forth the general nature of the business to be considered. In the event of an urgent situation, a meeting of Directors may be held at any time after notice has been given in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

29.6 The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the Articles as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.

29.7 The Directors shall, by a resolution, establish rules governing the procedure of meeting(s) of the Directors and report such rules to a meeting of Members, and such rules shall be in accordance with the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

29.8 All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the election of any Director, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly elected and qualified to be a Director as the case may be.

29.9 A Director may be represented at any meetings of the board of Directors by a proxy appointed in writing by him. The proxy shall count towards the quorum and the vote of the proxy shall for all purposes be deemed to be that of the appointing Director.

30 Directors' Interests

30.1 A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the Directors may determine.

30.2 The Directors may be paid remuneration only in cash. The amount of such remuneration shall be determined by the Directors and take into account the extent and value of the services provided for the management of the Corporation and the standards of the industry within the R.O.C. and overseas. The Directors shall also be entitled to be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of Directors or committees of Directors, or general meetings of the Company, or separate meetings of the holders of any class of Shares or debentures of the Company, or otherwise in connection with the business of the Company, or to receive salaries in respect of their service as Directors as may be recommended by the compensation committee and determined by the Directors, or a combination partly of one such method and partly another, provided that any such determination shall be in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

30.3 Unless prohibited by the Statute or by the Applicable Public Company Rules, a Director may himself or through his firm act in a professional capacity on behalf of the Company and he or his firm shall be entitled to such remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director.

30.4 A Director who engages in conduct either for himself or on behalf of another person within the scope of the Company's business, shall disclose to Members, at a general meeting prior to such conduct, a summary of the major elements of such interest and obtain the ratification of the Members at such general meeting by a Supermajority Resolution vote. In case a Director engages in business conduct for himself or on behalf of another person in violation of this provision, the Members may, by an Ordinary Resolution, require the disgorgement of any and all earnings derived from such act, except when at least one year has lapsed since the realization of such associated earnings.

30.5 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 30, a Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors, which may conflict with the interest of the Company, shall disclose to the meeting his or her interest and the material information of such interest, and shall not vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director; the voting right of such Director who cannot vote or exercise any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present at the board meeting. In the event the Company is engaging in any Merger, Acquisition, or Spin-off, each Director shall discloses the material information of his or her personal interest with such transaction, and his or her reason(s) to vote for or against the proposed resolution of such transaction in the relevant meeting of the Directors and the meeting of the Members, and the Company shall accordingly disclose the material information of the Director’s personal interest and his or her reason(s) to vote for or against the proposed resolution of such transaction in the notice of the relevant general meeting (as the part of the proposal in the agenda); such contents may be uploaded onto the website designated by the Taiwan competent authorities or by the Company, and the address of such website shall be indicated in the above notice.

Where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a Director, or any company which has a controlling or subordinate relation with a Director, has a personal

interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors in the preceding paragraph, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in such matter.

31 Minutes

The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose of all appointments of officers made by the Directors, all proceedings at meetings of the Company or the holders of any class of Shares and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors including the names of the Directors present at each meeting.

32 Delegation of Directors' Powers

32.1 Subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more Directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any Director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him provided that the appointment of a managing director shall be revoked forthwith if he ceases to be a Director. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee of Directors shall be governed by the Articles regulating the proceedings of Directors, so far as they are capable of applying.

32.2 The Directors may establish any committees or appoint any person to be a manager or agent for managing the affairs of the Company and may appoint any person to be a member of such committees. Any such appointment may be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of any such committee shall be governed by the Articles regulating the proceedings of Directors, so far as they are capable of applying.

32.3 The Directors may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any person to be the agent of the Company on such conditions as the Directors may determine, provided that the delegation is not to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked by the Directors at any time.

32.4 The Directors may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm, person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or authorised signatory of the Company for such purpose and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under the Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney or other appointment may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorneys or authorised signatories as the Directors may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney or authorised signatory to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

32.5 The Directors shall appoint a chairman and may appoint such other officers as they consider necessary on such terms, at such remuneration and to perform such duties, and subject to such provisions as to disqualification and removal as the Directors may think fit. Unless otherwise specified in the terms of his appointment an officer may be removed by resolution of the Directors.

32.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 32, unless otherwise permitted by the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Directors shall establish an audit committee comprised of all of the Independent Directors, one of whom shall be the chairman, and at least one of whom shall have accounting or financial expertise to the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules. A resolution of the audit committee shall be passed by one-half or more of all members of such committee. The rules and procedures of the audit committee shall be in accordance with policies proposed by the members of the audit committee and passed by the Directors from time to time, which shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules and the instruction of the FSC or TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable), if any. The Directors shall, by a resolution, adopt a charter for the audit committee in accordance with these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

32.7 Any of the following matters of the Company shall require the consent of one-half or more of all audit committee members and be submitted to the board of Directors for resolution:

(a) Adoption or amendment of an internal control system of the Company;

(b) Assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system;

(c) Adoption or amendment of handling procedures for significant financial or operational actions, such as acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, extension of monetary loans to others, or endorsements or guarantees on behalf of others;

(d) A matter where a Director has a personal interest;

(e) A material asset or derivatives transaction;

(f) A material monetary loan, endorsement, or provision of guarantee;

(g) The offering, issuance, or Private Placement of any equity-type securities;

(h) The hiring or dismissal of an attesting certified public accountant, or the compensation given thereto;

(i) The appointment or removal of a financial, accounting, or internal auditing officer;

(j) Annual and semi-annual financial reports;

(k) Any other matter so determined by the Company from time to time or required by any competent authority overseeing the Company.

Except for item (j) above, any matter under subparagraphs (a) through (k) of the preceding paragraph that has not been approved with the consent of one-half or more of the audit committee members may be undertaken only upon the approval of two-thirds or more of all Directors, without regard to the restrictions of the preceding paragraph, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the Directors meeting.

32.8 Before the Company convenes a meeting of the Directors to approve any Merger, Acquisition, or Spin-off, the audit committee shall convene a meeting to review the plan and the fairness and reasonability of such transaction, and adopt a resolution on such proposed plan and transaction as the conclusion of such review, the audit committee shall report their resolution

to the meeting of the Directors and the meeting of the Members (to the extent that such transaction requires the approval of the meeting of the Members under the Statute or these Articles). During the audit committee's review, the audit committee shall seek a fairness opinion from the independent expert advisor with respect to the share exchange ratio, or the amount of cash or other assets to be distributed to the Members. The resolution made as the conclusion of the audit committee's review, and such independent expert advisor's opinion shall be given to the Members along with the notice of meeting of the Members (to the extent that such transaction requires the approval of the meeting of the Members under the Statute or these Articles). If the approval of the meeting of the Members under the Statute or these Articles is not required, the Company shall report such transaction in the next meeting of the Members. In the event that the Company has disclosed the same contents on the website designated by the FSC, and make above documents available at the place of the meeting of the Members for review, the documents shall be deemed having been given to the Members.

32.9 The Directors shall establish a remuneration committee in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The number of members of the remuneration committee, professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and position that a member of the remuneration committee may concurrently hold, and assessment of independence with respect to the members of the remuneration committee shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The remuneration committee shall comprise of no less than three members, one of which shall be appointed as chairman of the remuneration committee. The rules and procedures for convening any meeting of the remuneration committee shall comply with policies proposed by the members of the remuneration committee and approved by the Directors from time to time, provided that the rules and procedures approved by the Directors shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules and any directions of the FSC or TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable). The Directors shall, by a resolution, adopt a charter for the remuneration committee in accordance with these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

32.10 The remuneration referred in the preceding Article shall include the compensation, salary, stock options and other incentive payment to the Directors and managers of the Company. Unless otherwise specified by the Applicable Public Company Rules, the managers of the Company for the purposes of this Article 32.9 shall mean executive officers of the Company with the rank of Vice President or higher and have the powers to make decisions for the Company.

33 Seal

33.1 The Company may, if the Directors so determine, have a Seal. The Seal shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors. The use of Seal shall be in accordance with the use of Seal policy adopted by the Directors from time to time.

33.2 The Company may have for use in any place or places outside the Cayman Islands a duplicate Seal or Seals, each of which shall be a facsimile of the common Seal of the Company and kept under the custody of a person appointed by the Directors, and if the Directors so determine, with the addition on its face of the name of every place where it is to be used.

33.3 A person authorized by the Directors may affix the Seal over his signature alone to any document of the Company required to be authenticated by him under seal or to be filed with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands or elsewhere wheresoever.

34 Dividends, Distributions and Reserve

34.1

(a) The Company shall reserve no less than 3% of its annual profit as employee bonuses, and no more than 3% of its annual profit as director bonuses, provided that the annual profit be used to offset the Company's accumulative deficits first.

(b) The "annual profit" in the preceding paragraph shall be a sum equal to the Company's pre-tax profit before deduction of the aforementioned employee bonuses and director bonuses. The reservation of employee bonuses and director bonuses shall be approved by a majority of the board of Directors at a meeting attended by at least 2/3 of the Directors, and the decision of the Directors shall be reported to the Members at the general meeting. Employee bonuses may be distributed in shares (which may be distributed under an incentive programme approved pursuant to Article 11) or cash, and its distribution may include distribution to certain qualified employees of the Company's Subsidiaries. Any Director who also serves as an executive officer of the Company may receive a bonus in his capacity as a Director and a bonus as an employee.

(c) If the Company records profit in any given year, it shall, in the following order, pay taxes for the relevant financial year, offset its losses in previous years that have not been previously offset, set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the profit left over, until accumulated legal capital reserve has equalled the total capital of the Company, and set aside a special capital reserve, if one is required, in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules or as requested by the authorities in charge. Any profit left over may be distributed, along with accumulative profits not yet distributed, pursuant to the distribution plan proposed by the board of Directors and approved by the Members by an Ordinary Resolution ("distributable profit"), provided that for the distribution of cash dividends, the board of Directors are authorized to approve according to subparagraph (d) below. Any such distributable profit may be distributed as Dividends (including cash dividends or stock dividends) in accordance with the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules and after the board of Directors taking into consideration financial, business and operational factors with the amount of Dividends distributed to Members not lower than 10% of distributable profit of the then current year, and the amount of cash dividends distributed thereupon shall not be less than 10% of the profits proposed to be distributed as Dividends of the then current year.

(d) The Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attended by two thirds or more of total number of the Directors, pay Dividends/bonus, in whole or in part, by cash, and the board of Directors shall then report such distribution to the subsequent general meeting.

34.2 Subject to the Statute and this Article, the Directors may declare Dividends and distributions on Shares in issue and authorise payment of the Dividends or distributions out of the funds of the Company lawfully available therefor. No Dividend or distribution shall be paid except out of the realised or unrealised profits of the Company, or out of the share premium account or as otherwise permitted by the Statute.

34.3 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to Shares, all Dividends shall be declared and paid in proportion to the number of Shares that a Member holds. If any Share is issued on

terms providing that it shall rank for Dividend as from a particular date that Share shall rank for Dividend accordingly.

34.4 The Directors may deduct from any Dividend or distribution payable to any Member all sums of money (if any) then payable by him to the Company on any account.

34.5 The Directors may, after obtaining an Ordinary Resolution, declare that any distribution other than a Dividend be paid wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of shares, debentures, or securities of any other company or in any one or more of such ways and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members upon the basis of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all Members and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.

34.6 Any Dividend, distribution, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of Shares may be paid by wire transfer to the holder or by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

34.7 No Dividend or distribution shall bear interest against the Company.

34.8 Any Dividend which cannot be paid to a Member and/or which remains unclaimed after six months from the date of declaration of such Dividend may, in the discretion of the Directors, be paid into a separate account in the Company's name, provided that the Company shall not be constituted as a trustee in respect of that account and the Dividend shall remain as a debt due to the Member. Any Dividend which remains unclaimed after a period of six years from the date of declaration of such Dividend shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company.

35 Capitalisation

Subject to Article 14.2(d), the Directors may capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution and to appropriate such sum to Members in the proportions in which such sum would have been divisible amongst them had the same been a distribution of profits by way of Dividend and to apply such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued Shares for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid-up to and amongst them in the proportion aforesaid. In such event the Directors shall do all acts and things required to give effect to such capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit such that Shares shall not become distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrue to the Company rather than to the Members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all of the Members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

36 Tender Offer

Within seven days after the receipt of the copy of a tender offer application form and relevant documents by the Company or its litigation or non-litigation agent appointed pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules, the board of the Directors shall resolve to recommend to the Members whether to accept or object to the tender offer and make a public

announcement of the following:

1. The types and amount of the Shares held by the Directors and the Members holding more than 10% of the outstanding Shares in its own name or in the name of other persons.

2. Recommendations to the Members on the tender offer, which shall set forth the names of the Directors who abstain or object to the tender offer and the reason(s) therefor.

3. Whether there is any material change in the financial condition of the Company after the submission of the latest financial report and an explanation of the change, if any.

4. The types, numbers and amount of the Shares of the tender offeror or its affiliates held by the Directors and the Members holding more than 10% of the outstanding Shares held in its own name or in the name of other persons.

37 Books of Account

37.1 The Directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt or expenditure takes place, all sales and purchases of goods by the Company and the assets and liabilities of the Company. Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

37.2 The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of Members not being Directors and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by Statute or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.

37.3 The Directors may from time to time cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in general meeting profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and such other reports and accounts as may be required by law.

37.4 Minutes and written records of all meetings of Directors, any committees of Directors, and any general meeting shall be made in the Chinese language with an English translation. In the event of any inconsistency between the Chinese language version and the relevant English translation, the Chinese language version shall prevail, except in the case where a resolution is required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies of Cayman Islands, in which case the English language version shall prevail.

37.5 The instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and information in electronic media prepared in accordance with the Articles and relevant rules and regulations shall be kept for at least one year. However, if a Member institutes a lawsuit with respect to such instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and/or information mentioned herein, they shall be kept until the conclusion of the litigation if longer than one year.

38 Notices

38.1 Notices shall be in writing and may be given by the Company to any Member either personally or by sending it by courier, post, cable, telex, or e-mail to him or to his address as shown in the Register of Members (or where the notice is given by e-mail by sending it to the e-mail address provided by such Member). Any notice, if posted from one country to another, is to be sent by airmail.

38.2 Where a notice is sent by courier, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by delivery of the notice to a courier company, and shall be deemed to have been received on the third day (not including Saturdays or Sundays or public holidays) following the day on which the notice was delivered to the courier. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre paying and posting a letter containing the notice, and shall be deemed to have been received on the fifth day (not including Saturdays or Sundays or public holidays) following the day on which the notice was posted. Where a notice is sent by cable, or telex, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing and sending such notice and shall be deemed to have been received on the same day that it was transmitted. Where a notice is given by e-mail service shall be deemed to be effected by transmitting the e-mail to the e-mail address provided by the intended recipient and shall be deemed to have been received on the same day that it was sent, and it shall not be necessary for the receipt of the e-mail to be acknowledged by the recipient.

38.3 A notice may be given by the Company to the person or persons which the Company has been advised are entitled to a Share or Shares in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member in the same manner as other notices which are required to be given under the Articles and shall be addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description at the address supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or at the option of the Company by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

38.4 Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to every person shown as a Member in the Register of Members on the record date for such meeting and every person upon whom the ownership of a Share devolves by reason of his being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a Member of record where the Member of record but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting, and no other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

39 Winding Up

39.1 If the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the share capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the number of the Shares held by them. If in a winding up the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the share capital at the commencement of the winding up, the surplus shall be distributed amongst the Members in proportion to the number of the Shares held by them at the commencement of the winding up subject to a deduction from those Shares in respect of which there are monies due, of all monies payable to the Company. This Article is without prejudice to the rights of the holders of Shares issued upon special terms and conditions.

39.2 If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Statute and in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, divide amongst the Members in proportion to the number of Shares they hold the whole or any part of the assets of the Company in kind (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any asset upon which there is a liability.

40 Financial Year

Unless the Directors otherwise prescribe, the financial year of the Company shall end on 31st December in each year and, following the year of incorporation, shall begin on 1st January in each year.

41 Transfer by way of Continuation

If the Company is exempted as defined in the Statute, it shall, subject to the provisions of the Statute and with the approval of a Special Resolution, have the power to register by way of continuation as a body corporate under the laws of any jurisdiction outside the Cayman Islands and to be deregistered in the Cayman Islands.

42 Litigation and Non-Litigation Agent in the R.O.C.

Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company shall, by a resolution of the Directors, appoint or remove a natural person domiciled or resident in the territory of the R.O.C. to be its litigation and non-litigation agent in the R.O.C., pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules, and under which the litigation and non-litigation agent shall be the responsible person of the Company in the R.O.C. The Company shall report such appointment and any change thereof to the competent authorities in the R.O.C. pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.

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Attachment 5

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
3	(Convening shareholders meetings and shareholders meeting notices) Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, this Corporation's shareholders meetings shall be convened by the board of directors. Changes to how this Corporation convenes its shareholders meeting shall be resolved by the board of directors, and shall be made no later than mailing of the shareholders meeting notice. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders meeting. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders meeting. If, however, this Corporation has the paid-in capital of NT$10 billion or more as of the last day of the most current fiscal year, or total shareholding of foreign shareholders and PRC shareholders reaches 30% or more as recorded in the register of shareholders of the	(Convening shareholders meetings and shareholders meeting notices) Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, this Corporation's shareholders meetings shall be convened by the board of directors. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders meeting. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders meeting. In addition, before 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall also have prepared the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at this Corporation and its shareholder services agent as well as being distributed on-site at the meeting place. (Omitted)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	shareholders meeting held in the immediately preceding year, transmission of these electronic files shall be made by 30 days before the regular shareholders meeting. In addition, before 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall also have prepared the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at this Corporation and its shareholder services agent ~~as well as being distributed on-site at the meeting place~~ designated thereby. This Corporate shall make the meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials in the preceding paragraph available to shareholders for review in the following manner on the date of the shareholders meeting: 1. For physical shareholders meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting. 2. For hybrid shareholders meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting and shared on the virtual meeting platform. 3. For virtual-only shareholders meetings, electronic files shall be shared on the virtual meeting platform. (Omitted)		
4	(Omitted) If, after a proxy form is delivered to this Corporation, a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholders meeting online, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to this Corporation two business days before	(Omitted)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.		
5	(Omitted) The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when this Corporation convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting.	(Omitted)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"
6	(Preparation of documents such as the attendance book) A shareholder, solicitors and proxies (collectively "shareholders") shall attend ~~a~~ shareholders meetings based on ~~the basis of the~~ attendance card, sign-in card, or other ~~supporting document~~ certificates of attendance. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification. This Corporation shall furnish the attending shareholders ~~or their proxies (collectively, "shareholders")~~, with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in. (Omitted) For virtual shareholders meetings, shareholders may begin to register on the virtual meeting platform 30 minutes before the meeting starts. Shareholders completing registration will be deemed as attend the shareholders meeting in person. In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall upload the meeting agenda book, annual report and other meeting materials to the	(Preparation of documents such as the attendance book) A shareholder shall attend a shareholders meeting on the basis of the attendance card, sign-in card, or other supporting document. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification. This Corporation shall furnish the attending shareholders or their proxies (collectively, "shareholders"), with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in. (Omitted)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting.		
6-1	(Convening virtual shareholders meetings and particulars to be included in shareholders meeting notice) To convene a virtual shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall include the follow particulars in the shareholders meeting notice: 1. How shareholders attend the virtual meeting and exercise their rights. 2. Actions to be taken if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, at least covering the following particulars: (1) To what time the meeting is postponed or from what time the meeting will resume if the above obstruction continues and cannot be removed, and the date to which the meeting is postponed or on which the meeting will resume. (2) Shareholders not having registered to attend the affected virtual shareholders meeting shall not attend the postponed or resumed session. (3) In case of a hybrid shareholders meeting, when the virtual meeting cannot be continued, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual shareholders meeting online, meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the shareholders meeting shall continue. The shares represented by shareholders	(None)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, and the shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders meeting. (4) Actions to be taken if the outcome of all proposals have been announced and extraordinary motion has not been carried out. 3. To convene a virtual-only shareholders meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders meeting online shall be specified.		
8	(Omitted) Where a shareholders meeting is held online, this Corporation shall keep records of shareholder registration, sign-in, check-in, questions raised, votes cast and results of votes counted by this Corporation, and continuously audio and video record, without interruption, the proceedings of the virtual meeting from beginning to end. The information and audio and video recording in the preceding paragraph shall be properly kept by this Corporation during the entirety of its existence, and copies of the audio and video recording shall be provided to and kept by the party appointed to handle matters of the virtual meeting.	(Omitted)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"
9	Attendance at shareholders meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares	Attendance at shareholders meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co.,

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in, and the shares checked in on the virtual meeting platform, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically. The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than 1 hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall also declare the meeting adjourned at the virtual meeting platform. If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within 1 month. In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, shareholders intending to attend the meeting online shall re-register to this Corporation. (Omitted)	indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically. The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than 1 hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within 1 month. (Omitted)	Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings”

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
11	(Omitted) Where a virtual shareholders meeting is convened, shareholders attending the virtual meeting online may raise questions in writing at the virtual meeting platform from the chair declaring the meeting open until the chair declaring the meeting adjourned. No more than two questions for the same proposal may be raised. Each question shall contain no more than 200 words. The regulations in paragraphs 1 to 5 do not apply.	(Omitted)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"
13	(Omitted) ~~When this Corporation holds a shareholders meeting, it may allow the shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means if the company applies to adopt electronic voting:~~ When this Corporation holds a shareholder meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence). When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that this Corporation avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals. (Omitted)	(Omitted) When this Corporation holds a shareholders meeting, it may allow the shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means if the company applies to adopt electronic voting: When this Corporation holds a shareholder meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence). When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that this Corporation avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals. (Omitted)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person or online, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to this Corporation, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before 2 business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail. (Omitted) When this Corporation convenes a virtual shareholders meeting, after the chair declares the meeting open, shareholders attending the meeting online shall cast votes on proposals and elections on the virtual meeting platform before the chair announces the voting session ends or will be deemed abstained from voting. In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, votes shall be counted at once after the chair announces the voting session ends, and results of votes and elections shall be announced immediately. When this Corporation convenes a	After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to this Corporation, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before 2 business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail. (Omitted)	

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	hybrid shareholders meeting, if shareholders who have registered to attend the meeting online in accordance with Article 6 decide to attend the physical shareholders meeting in person, they shall revoke their registration two days before the shareholders meeting in the same manner as they registered. If their registration is not revoked within the time limit, they may only attend the shareholders meeting online. When shareholders exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, unless they have withdrawn the declaration of intent and attended the shareholders meeting online, except for extraordinary motions, they will not exercise voting rights on the original proposals or make any amendments to the original proposals or exercise voting rights on amendments to the original proposal.		
15	(Omitted) Where a virtual shareholders meeting is convened, in addition to the particulars to be included in the meeting minutes as described in the preceding paragraph, the start time and end time of the shareholders meeting, how the meeting is convened, the chair's and secretary's name, and actions to be taken in the event of disruption to the virtual meeting platform or participation in the meeting online due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, and how issues are dealt with shall also be included in the minutes. When convening a virtual-only shareholder meeting, other than compliance with the requirements in the preceding paragraph, this	(Omitted)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	Corporation shall specify in the meeting minutes alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual-only shareholders meeting online.		
16	(Public disclosure) On the day of a shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation, ~~and~~ the number of shares represented by proxies, ~~and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting~~. and the number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting by correspondence or electronic means, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting. In the event a virtual shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall upload the above meeting materials to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting. During this Corporation's virtual shareholders meeting, when the meeting is called to order, the total number of shares represented at the meeting shall be disclosed on the virtual meeting platform. The same shall apply whenever the total number of shares represented at the meeting and a new tally of votes is released during the meeting. If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under GreTai Securities Market regulations, this Corporation shall upload the content of	(Public disclosure) On the day of a shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation and the number of shares represented by proxies, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting. If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under GreTai Securities Market regulations, this Corporation shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.		
19	(Disclosure of information at virtual meetings) In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall disclose real-time results of votes and election immediately after the end of the voting session on the virtual meeting platform according to the regulations, and this disclosure shall continue at least 15 minutes after the chair has announced the meeting adjourned.	(None)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"
20	(Location of the chair and secretary of virtual-only shareholders meeting) When this Corporation convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting, both the chair and secretary shall be in the same location, and the chair shall declare the address of their location when the meeting is called to order.	(None)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"
21	(Handling of disconnection) If the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events before the chair has announced the meeting adjourned, and the obstruction continues for more than 30 minutes, the meeting shall be postponed to or resumed on another date within five days, in which case Article 182 of the Company Act shall not apply. For a meeting to be postponed or resumed as described in the preceding paragraph, shareholders who have not registered to participate in the affected shareholders meeting online shall not attend the postponed or resumed session. For a meeting to be postponed or	(None)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	resumed under the 1st paragraph, the number of shares represented by, and voting rights and election rights exercised by the shareholders who have registered to participate in the affected shareholders meeting and have successfully signed in the meeting, but do not attend the postpone or resumed session, at the affected shareholders meeting, shall be counted towards the total number of shares, number of voting rights and number of election rights represented at the postponed or resumed session. During a postponed or resumed session of a shareholders meeting held under the 1st paragraph, no further discussion or resolution is required for proposals for which votes have been cast and counted and results have been announced, or list of elected directors and supervisors. When this Corporation convenes a hybrid shareholders meeting, and the virtual meeting cannot continue as described in 1st paragraph, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual shareholders meeting online, still meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the shareholders meeting shall continue, and not postponement or resumption thereof under the 1st paragraph is required. Under the circumstances where a meeting should continue as in the preceding paragraph, the shares represented by shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, provided these		

Article	After Amendment	Before Amendment	Note
	shareholders shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders meeting. When postponing or resuming a meeting according to the 1st paragraph, this Corporation shall handle the preparatory work based on the date of the original shareholders meeting in accordance with the requirements listed under Article 44-20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies. For dates or period set forth under Article 12, second half, and Article 13, paragraph 3 of Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies, and Article 44-5, paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article 44-17, paragraph 1 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, this Corporations hall handle the matter based on the date of the shareholders meeting that is postponed or resumed under the 1st paragraph.		
22	(Handling of digital divide) When convening a virtual-only shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall provide appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders meeting online.	(None)	Based on "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"
~~19~~23	These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by shareholders meetings.	These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by shareholders meetings.	Article number adjustment

Appendix 1

THE COMPANIES LAW (2020 REVISION)

OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

SIXTH AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN)

- Incorporated April 26, 2011 -

(as adopted by a Special Resolution dated as of June 22, 2020)

THE COMPANIES LAW (2020 REVISION)

OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

SIXTH AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN)

(as adopted by a Special Resolution dated as of June 22, 2020)

1. The name of the Company is IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman).
2. The registered office of the Company shall be at the offices of Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands, or at such other place as the Directors may from time to time decide.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are unrestricted and the Company shall have full power and authority to carry out any object not prohibited by the Companies Law (2020 Revision) or as the same may be revised from time to time, or any other law of the Cayman Islands.
4. The liability of each Member is limited to the amount from time to time unpaid on such Member's shares.
5. The authorised capital of the Company is NT$400,000,000 divided into 40,000,000 shares of NT$10.00 each provided always that subject to the provisions of the Companies Law (2020 Revision) as amended and the Articles of Association, the Company shall have power to redeem or purchase any or all of such shares and to issue all or any part of its capital whether priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly provide every issue of shares whether stated to be Ordinary, Preference or otherwise shall be subject to the powers on the part of the Company hereinbefore provided.
6. The Company has power to register by way of continuation as a body corporate limited by shares under the laws of any jurisdiction outside the Cayman Islands and to be deregistered in the Cayman Islands.
7. Capitalised terms that are not defined in this Memorandum of Association bear the same meaning as those given in the Articles of Association of the Company.

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THE COMPANIES LAW (2020 REVISION)

OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

SIXTH AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

INTELLIEPI INC. (CAYMAN)

(as adopted by a Special Resolution dated as of June 22, 2020)

1 Interpretation

1.1 In the Articles Table A in the First Schedule to the Statute does not apply and, unless there is something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith:

"**Applicable Public Company Rules**"	means the R.O.C. laws, rules and regulations affecting public reporting companies or companies listed on any R.O.C. stock exchange or securities market, including, without limitation, the relevant provisions of the Company Law, Securities and Exchange Law, the Enterprise Mergers and Acquisitions Law, the rules and regulations promulgated by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, the rules and regulations promulgated by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("**FSC**"), the rules and regulations promulgated by the Taipei Exchange of Taiwan ("**TPEx**") (or, if applicable, the Taiwan Stock Exchange ("**TWSE**")) and the Acts Governing Relations Between Peoples of the Taiwan Area and the Mainland Area and its relevant regulations.
"**Annual Net Income**"	means the audited annual net profit of the Company in respect of the applicable year.
"**Articles**"	means these articles of association of the Company.
"Acquisition"	means an acquisition as defined under Article 4 of R.O.C. Enterprise Mergers and Acquisitions Law.
"**Company**"	means the above named company.
"**Directors**"	means the directors for the time being of the Company (which, for clarification, includes any and all Independent Director(s)).
"**Dividend**"	includes an interim dividend.
"**Electronic Record**"	has the same meaning as in the Electronic Transactions Law.
"**Electronic Transactions**	means the Electronic Transactions Law (2003 Revision) of the

Law"	Cayman Islands.
"**FSC**"	means the Financial Supervisory Commission of the R.O.C.
"**Independent Directors**"	means the Directors who are elected by the Members at a general meeting and designated as "Independent Directors" for the purpose of Applicable Public Company Rules which are in force from time to time.
"**Market Observation Post System**"	means the internet information reporting system designated by the FSC.
"**Member**"	has the same meaning as in the Statute.
"**Memorandum**"	means the memorandum of association of the Company.
"**Merger**"	means a transaction whereby (i) all of the companies participating in such transaction are dissolved, and a new company is incorporated to generally assume all rights and obligations of the dissolved companies or (ii) all but one company participating in such transaction are dissolved, and the surviving company generally assumes all rights and obligations of the dissolved companies, and in each case the consideration for the transaction being the shares of the surviving or newly incorporated company or any other company, cash or other assets.
"**Ordinary Resolution**"	means a resolution passed by a simple majority of votes cast by the Members as, being entitled to do so, vote in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting.
"**Private Placement**"	means obtaining subscriptions for, or the sale of, Shares, options, warrants, rights of holders of debt or equity securities which enable those holders to subscribe further securities (including Shares), or other securities of the Company, either by the Company itself or a person authorized by the Company, primarily from or to specific investors or approved by the Company or such authorized person, but excluding any employee incentive programme or subscription agreement, warrant, option or issuance of Shares under Article 11 of these Articles.
"**Register of Members**"	means the register maintained in accordance with the Statute and includes (except where otherwise stated) any duplicate Register of Members.
"**Registered Office**"	means the registered office for the time being of the Company.
"**R.O.C.**"	means the Republic of China.
"**Seal**"	means the common seal of the Company and includes every duplicate seal.
"**Share**" and "**Shares**"	means a share or shares in the Company and includes a fraction of a share.
"**Share Certificate" and "Share Certificates"**	means a certificate or certificates representing a Share or Shares.
"**Share Swap**"	means a share swap as defined under Article 4 of R.O.C.

	Enterprise Mergers and Acquisitions Law.
"**Solicitor**"	means any Member, a trust enterprise or a securities agent mandated by Member(s) who solicits an instrument of proxy from any other Member to appoint him/it as a proxy to attend and vote at a general meeting instead of the appointing Member pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.
"**Special Resolution**"	means a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by such Members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as special resolution has been duly given.
"**Spin-off**"	refers to an act wherein a transferor company transfers all of its independently operated business or any single independently operated business to an existing or a newly incorporated company as consideration for that existing transferee company or newly incorporated transferee company to issue new shares to the transferor company or to shareholders of the transferor company.
"**Statute**"	means the Companies Law (2020 Revision) of the Cayman Islands.
"**Subsidiary**" and "**Subsidiaries**"	means (i) a subordinate company in which the total number of voting shares or total share equity held by the Company represents more than one half of the total number of issued voting shares or the total share equity of such subordinate company; or (ii) a company in which the total number of shares or total share equity of that company held by the Company, its subordinate companies and its controlled companies, directly or indirectly, represents more than one half of the total number of issued voting shares or the total share equity of such company.
"**Supermajority Resolution**"	means (i) a resolution adopted by a majority vote of the Members present and entitled to vote on such resolution at a general meeting attended in person or by proxy by Members who represent two-thirds or more of the total outstanding Shares of the Company or, (ii) if the total number of Shares represented by the Members present at the general meeting is less than two-thirds of the total outstanding Shares of the Company, but more than half of the total outstanding Shares of the Company, a resolution adopted at such general meeting by the Members who represent two-thirds or more of the Shares present and entitled to vote on such resolution.
"**TDCC**"	means the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.
"**Treasury Shares**"	means a Share held in the name of the Company as a treasury share in accordance with the Statute.
"**TWSE**"	means the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation.

1.2 In the Articles:

(a) words importing the singular number include the plural number and vice versa;

(b) words importing the masculine gender include the feminine gender;

(c) words importing persons include corporations;

(d) "written" and "in writing" include all modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form, including in the form of an Electronic Record;

(e) references to provisions of any law or regulation shall be construed as references to those provisions as amended, modified, re-enacted or replaced from time to time;

(f) any phrase introduced by the terms "including", "include", "in particular" or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms;

(g) headings are inserted for reference only and shall be ignored in construing the Articles; and

(h) Section 8 of the Electronic Transactions Law shall not apply.

2 Commencement of Business

2.1 The business of the Company may be commenced as soon after incorporation as the Directors shall see fit.

2.2 The Directors may pay, out of the capital or any other monies of the Company, all expenses incurred in or about the formation and establishment of the Company, including the expenses of registration.

2.3 In the course of conducting its business, the Company shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules and business ethics and may take corporate actions to promote public interests in order to fulfill its social responsibilities.

3 Issue of Shares

3.1 Subject to the provisions, if any, in the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and Applicable Public Company Laws (and to any direction that may be given by the Company in general meeting) and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing Shares, the Directors may allot, issue, grant options over or otherwise dispose of Shares with or without preferred, deferred or other rights or restrictions, whether in regard to Dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise and to such persons, at such times and on such other terms as they think proper, and the Company shall have power to redeem or purchase any or all of such Shares and to issue all or any part of its capital whether priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly provide, every issue of Shares whether stated to be Ordinary, Preference or otherwise, shall be subject to the powers on the part of the Company hereinbefore provided.

3.2 The Company shall not issue Shares to bearer.

3.3 The Company shall not issue any unpaid Shares or partly paid-up Shares.

4 Register of Members

4.1 The Directors shall keep, or cause to be kept, the Register of Members at such place as the Directors may from time to time determine and, in the absence of any such determination, the Register of Members shall be kept at the Registered Office.

4.2 If the Directors consider it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a branch register or registers of members at such location or locations within or outside the Cayman Islands as the Directors think fit. The principal register and the branch register(s) shall together be treated as the Register of Members for the purposes of the Articles.

4.3 For so long as any Shares are listed on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable), title to such listed Shares may be evidenced and transferred in accordance with the laws applicable to and the rules

and regulations of the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) that are or shall be applicable to such listed Shares and the Register of Members maintained by the Company in respect of such listed Shares may be kept by recording the particulars required by section 40 of the Statute in a form otherwise than legible if such recording otherwise complies with the laws applicable to and the rules and regulations of the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) that are or shall be applicable to such listed Shares.

5 Closing Register of Members or Fixing Record Date

5.1 For the purpose of determining Members entitled to notice of, or to vote at any meeting of Members or any adjournment thereof, or Members entitled to receive payment of any Dividend, or in order to make a determination of Members for any other purpose, the Directors shall determine the period that the Register of Members shall be closed for transfers and such period shall not be less than the minimum period of time prescribed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.

5.2 Subject to Article 5.1 hereof, in lieu of, or apart from, closing the Register of Members, the Directors may fix in advance or arrears a date as the record date for any such determination of Members entitled to notice of, or to vote at any meeting of the Members or any adjournment thereof, or for the purpose of determining the Members entitled to receive payment of any Dividend or in order to make a determination of Members for any other purpose. In the event the Directors designate a record date in accordance with this Article 5.2, the Directors shall make a public announcement of such record date via the Market Observation Post System in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

5.3 The rules and procedures governing the implementation of book closed periods, including notices to Members in regard to book closed periods, shall be in accordance with policies adopted by the Directors from time to time, which policies shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

6 Share Certificates

6.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company shall issue Shares without printing Share Certificates for the Shares issued, and the details regarding such issue of Shares shall be recorded by TDCC in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. A Member shall only be entitled to a Share Certificate if the Directors resolve that Share Certificates shall be issued. Share Certificates, if any, shall be in such form as the Directors may determine. Share Certificates shall be signed by one or more Directors authorised by the Directors. The Directors may authorise Share Certificates to be issued with the authorised signature(s) affixed by mechanical process. All Share Certificates shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified and shall specify the Shares to which they relate. All Share Certificates surrendered to the Company for transfer shall be cancelled and subject to the Articles. No new Share Certificate shall be issued until the former Share Certificate representing a like number of relevant Shares shall have been surrendered and cancelled.

6.2 In the event that the Directors resolve that Share Certificates shall be issued pursuant to Article 6.1 hereof, the Company shall deliver the Share Certificates to the subscribers within thirty days from the date such Share Certificates may be issued pursuant to the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules, and shall make a public announcement prior to the delivery of such Share Certificates pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.

6.3 No Shares may be registered in the name of more than one Member.

6.4 If a Share Certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and on the payment of such expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in investigating evidence, as the Directors may prescribe, and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) upon delivery of the old Share Certificate.

7 Preferred Shares

7.1 The Company may issue Shares with rights which are preferential to those of ordinary Shares issued by the Company ("**Preferred Shares**") with the approval of a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors and with the approval of a Special Resolution.

7.2 Prior to the issuance of any Preferred Shares approved pursuant to Article 7.1 hereof, the Articles shall be amended to set forth the rights and obligations of the Preferred Shares, including but not limited to the following terms, and provided that such rights and obligations of the Preferred Shares shall not contradict the mandatory provisions of Applicable Public Company Rules regarding the rights and obligations of such Preferred Shares, and the same shall apply to any variation of rights of Preferred Shares:

(a) Order, fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of Dividends and bonus on Preferred Shares;

(b) Order, fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of surplus assets of the Company;

(c) Order of or restriction on the voting right(s) (including declaring no voting rights whatsoever) of preferred Members;

(d) Other matters concerning rights and obligations incidental to Preferred Shares; and

(e) The method by which the Company is authorized or compelled to redeem the Preferred Shares, or a statement that redemption rights shall not apply.

8 Issuance of New Shares

8.1 The issue of new Shares of the Company shall be approved by a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors. The issue of new Shares shall at all times be subject to the sufficiency of the authorised capital of the Company.

8.2 Unless otherwise resolved by the Members in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution, where the Company increases its capital by issuing new Shares for cash, the Company shall make a public announcement and notify each Member that he/she/it is entitled to exercise a pre-emptive right to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of any new Shares issued in the capital increase in cash. A waiver of such pre-emptive right may be approved at the same general meeting where the subject issuance of new Shares is approved by the Members. The Company shall state in such announcement and notices to the Members that if any Member fails to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of the newly-issued Shares within the prescribed period, such Member shall be deemed to forfeit his/her/its pre-emptive right to purchase the newly-issued Shares. Subject to Article 6.3, in the event that Shares held by a Member are insufficient for such Member to exercise the pre-emptive right to purchase one newly-issued Share, Shares held by several Members may be calculated together for joint purchase of newly-issued Shares or for purchase of newly-issued Shares in the name of a single Member pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. If the total number of the new Shares to be issued has not been fully subscribed by the Members within the prescribed period, the Company may offer any un-subscribed new Shares to be issued to the public in Taiwan or to specific person or persons according to the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8.3 Where the Company increases its capital in cash by issuing new Shares in Taiwan, the Company shall allocate 10% of the total amount of the new Shares to be issued, for offering in Taiwan to the public unless it is not necessary or appropriate, as determined by the Directors according to the Applicable Public Company Rules and/or the instruction of the FSC or TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable), for the Company to conduct the aforementioned public offering. Provided however, if a percentage higher than the aforementioned 10% is resolved by a general meeting to be offered, the percentage determined by such resolution shall prevail.

8.4 Members' rights to subscribe for newly-issued Shares may be transferred independently from the Shares from which such rights are derived. The rules and procedures governing the transfer of rights to subscribe for newly-issued Shares shall be in accordance with policies established by the

Company from time to time, which policies shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8.5 The pre-emptive right of Members provided under Article 8.2 shall not apply in the event that new Shares are issued due to the following reasons or for the following purposes: (a) in connection with a Merger with another company, or the Spin-off of the Company, or pursuant to any reorganization of the Company; (b) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under Share subscription warrants and/or options, including those referenced in Article 11; (c) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under convertible bonds or corporate bonds vested with rights to acquire Shares; (d) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under Preferred Shares vested with rights to acquire Shares; (e) in connection with a Private Placement; or (f) in connection with the issue of Restricted Shares in accordance with Article 8.7.

8.6 The periods of notice and other rules and procedures for notifying Members and implementing the exercise of the Members' pre-emptive rights shall be in accordance with policies established by the Directors from time to time, which policies shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8.7 The Company may, with the approval of a Supermajority Resolution in a general meeting, issue new Shares with restricted rights to the employees of the Company ("**Restricted Shares**") and the provision of Article 8.2 shall not apply to any such issue of Restricted Shares. The terms of issue of Restricted Shares, including, but not limited to the number, issue price and issue conditions shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8.8 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company may, by resolutions of the Members passed at a general meeting attended by Members who represent a majority of the outstanding Shares and approved by the Members who represent two-thirds or more of the Shares present and entitled to vote on such resolution, conduct Private Placements, and shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules to determine, *inter alias*, the purchaser(s), the types of securities, the determination of the offer price, and the restrictions on transfer of securities of such Private Placement.

8.9 The Company shall notify each subscriber the deadline to pay the consideration of such subscription. If the new Shares are issued at a premium (higher than the par value), the share premiums shall be paid together with par value of the shares simultaneously. In the event that the subscriber fails to pay the full consideration of the new Shares before such deadline, the Company shall notify such subscriber to pay the consideration within a cure period no less than one month and that any failure to pay the consideration in full within the given cure period will result in such subscriber's right to subscribe the New Shares been forfeited. The subscribers who fail to pay according to the Company's notice shall be deemed to have forfeited their rights, and the New Shares subscribed by them could be offered and sold to others by the Company. Under the aforesaid circumstances, the Company is still entitled to claim against such defaulting subscribers for the compensation for loss or damage, if any.

9 Transfer of Shares

9.1 Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, Shares issued by the Company shall be freely transferable.

9.2 Subject to these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules, any Member may transfer all or any of his Shares by an instrument of transfer.

9.3 The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of a Share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members.

9.4 Notwithstanding Article 9.2 above, transfers of Shares which are listed on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable), may be effected by any method of transferring or dealing in securities permitted by TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable),which is in accordance with the Applicable Public Companies Rules as appropriate and which have been approved by the Board for such purpose.

10 Repurchase of Shares

10.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum, and the Articles, the Company may purchase its own Shares listed on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) on such terms as are approved by resolutions of the Directors passed at a meeting of the board of Directors attended by more than two-thirds of members of the board and approved by a majority of the Directors present at such meeting, provided that any such repurchase shall be in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. In the event that the Company proposes to purchase any Shares listed on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) pursuant to this Article, the approval of the board of Directors and the implementation thereof shall be reported to the Members at the next general meeting in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. Such reporting obligation shall apply even if the Company does not implement the repurchase proposal for any reason.

10.2 The Company may make a payment in respect of the repurchase of its own Shares in any manner permitted by the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

10.3 The board of Directors may, prior to the purchase or redemption of any Share under Article 10.1, determine that such Share shall be held as Treasury Share.

10.4 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Directors may determine to cancel a Treasury Share or transfer a Treasury Share to the employees on such terms as they think proper (including, without limitation, for nil consideration).

10.5 Notwithstanding Article 10.4, if the Company repurchases any Shares traded on the TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) and hold such Shares as Treasury Shares (the "Repurchased Treasury Shares"), any proposal to transfer the Repurchased Treasury Shares to any employees of the Company by the Company at the price below the average repurchase price paid by the Company for Repurchased Treasury Shares (the "**Average Purchase Price**") shall require the approval of a resolution passed by two-thirds or more of the Members present at the next general meeting who hold a majority of the total number of the Company's outstanding Shares as at the date of such general meeting, and shall specify such motion in the meeting notice of that general meeting in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules which shall not be brought up as an ad hoc motion.

10.6 The aggregate number of Treasury Shares to be transferred to employees pursuant to Article 10.5 shall not exceed 5 percent of the Company's total issued and outstanding Shares as at the date of transfer of any Treasury Shares and the aggregate number of Treasury Shares transferred to any individual employee shall not exceed 0.5 percent of the Company's total issued and outstanding Shares as at the date of transfer of any Treasury Shares to such employee. The Company may impose restrictions on the transfer of such Shares by the employee for a period of no more than two years.

10.7 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in Article 10.1 to 10.6, and subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company may, with the approval of an Ordinary Resolution, compulsorily redeem or repurchase Shares, provided that such Shares shall be cancelled upon redemption or repurchase and such redemption or repurchase will be effected pro rata based on the percentage of shareholdings of the Members, unless otherwise provided for in the Statute or the Applicable Public Company Rules. Payments in respect of any such redemption or repurchase, if any, may be made either in cash or by distribution of specific assets of the Company, as specified in the Ordinary Resolution approving the redemption or repurchase, provided that (a) the relevant Shares will be cancelled upon such redemption or repurchase and will not be held by the Company as Treasury Shares, and (b) where assets other than cash are distributed to the Members, the type of assets, the value of the assets and the corresponding amount of such substitutive distribution shall be (i) assessed by an R.O.C. certified public account before being submitted to the Members for approval and (ii) agreed to by the Member who will receive such assets.

11 Employee Incentive Programme

11.1 The Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, adopt one or more incentive programmes and may issue Shares or options, warrants or other similar instruments, to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries. The rules and procedures governing such incentive programme(s) shall be in accordance with policies established by the Directors from time to time in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

11.2 Options, warrants or other similar instruments issued in accordance with Article 11.1 above are not transferable save by inheritance.

11.3 The Company may enter into share option agreements with employees of the Company and the employees of its Subsidiaries in relation to the incentive programme approved pursuant to Article 11.1 above, whereby employees may subscribe, within a specific period of time, a specific number of the Shares. The terms and conditions of such agreements shall be no less restrictive on the relevant employee than the terms specified in the applicable incentive programme.

11.4 Directors of the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not be eligible for the employee incentive programmes under this Article 11, provided that directors who are also employees of the Company or its Subsidiaries may participate in an employee incentive programme in their capacity as an employee and not as a director of the Company or its Subsidiaries.

12 Variation of Rights of Shares

12.1 If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of Shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of the Shares of that class. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any modification or alteration in the Articles is prejudicial to the preferential rights of any class of Shares, such modification or alteration shall be adopted by a Special Resolution and shall also be adopted by a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of Members of that class of Shares.

12.2 The provisions of the Articles relating to general meetings shall apply to every class meeting of the holders of the same class of the Shares.

12.3 The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further Shares ranking pari passu therewith.

13 Transmission of Shares

13.1 If a Member dies, the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, or his legal personal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest. The estate of a deceased Member is not thereby released from any liability in respect of any Share which had been jointly held by him.

13.2 Any person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or liquidation or dissolution of a Member (or in any way other than by transfer) shall give written notice to the Company and, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors, may elect, by a notice in writing sent by him, either to become the holder of such Share or to have some person nominated by him become the holder of such Share.

14 Amendments of Memorandum and Articles of Association and Alteration of Capital

14.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statute and the provisions of these Articles as regards the matters to be dealt with by Ordinary Resolution, the Company may by Special Resolution:

(a) change its name;

(b) alter or add to these Articles;

(c) alter or add to the Memorandum with respect to any objects, powers or other matters specified therein;

(d) reduce its share capital and any capital redemption reserve fund; and

(e) increase its authorised share capital by such sum as the resolution shall prescribe or cancel any Shares that at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, provided that in the event of any change to its authorised share capital, the Company shall also procure the amendment of its Memorandum by the Members to reflect such change.

14.2 Subject to the provisions of the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company shall not, without a Supermajority Resolution:

(a) sell, transfer or lease of whole business of the Company or other matters which has a material effect on the Members' rights and interests;

(b) discharge or remove any Director;

(c) approve any action by one or more Director(s) who is engaging in business conduct for him/herself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business;

(d) effect any capitalization of distributable Dividends and/or bonuses and/or any other amount prescribed under Article 35 hereof;

(e) effect any Merger, Spin-off or Private Placement, provided that any Merger which falls within the definition of "merger and/or consolidation" under the Statute shall also be subject to the requirements of the Statute;

(f) enter into, amend, or terminate any agreement for lease of the Company's whole business, or for entrusted business, or for frequent joint operation with others;

(g) transfer its business or assets, in whole or in any essential part, provided that, the foregoing does not apply where such transfer is pursuant to the dissolution of the Company;

(h) acquire or assume the whole business or assets of another person, which has material effect on the Company's operation; or

(i) Share Swap.

14.3 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the provisions of these Articles, and the quorum requirement under the Applicable Public Company Rules, with regard to the dissolution procedures of the Company, the Company shall pass

(a) an Ordinary Resolution, if the Company resolves that it be wound up voluntarily because it is unable to pay its debts as they fall due; or

(b) a Special Resolution, if the Company resolves that it be wound up voluntarily for reasons other than the reason stated in Article 14.3(a) above.

14.4 Subject to the provisions of the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, without a supermajority resolution passed by the Memebers holding two-thirds or more of the total issued and outstanding Shares at a general meeting attended in person or by proxy by Members who represent two-thirds or more of the total issued and outstanding Shares, the Company shall not effect any Merger where the Company is dissolved, general transfer of all assets and liabilities of the Company, Share Swap or Spin-off whereby (a) such transaction will cause the Shares to be delisted under the

Applicable Public Company Rules, and (b) the surviving, transferee, existing or newly incorporated company, as applicable, participating in such transaction is not a TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable) listed company.

15 Registered Office

Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company may by resolution of the Directors change the location of its Registered Office.

16 General Meetings

16.1 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

16.2 The Company shall hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting within six months following the end of each fiscal year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it. At these meetings, the report of the Directors (if any) shall be presented.

16.3 The Company shall hold an annual general meeting every year.

16.4 The general meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Directors shall appoint provided that unless otherwise provided by the Statute or this Article 16.4, the general meetings shall be held in Taiwan. For general meetings to be held outside Taiwan, the Company shall comply with the relevant procedures and approvals prescribed by the relevant authority in Taiwan. Where a general meeting is to be held outside Taiwan, the Company shall engage a professional securities agent in Taiwan to handle the administration of such general meeting (including but not limited to the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members).

16.5 The Directors may call general meetings, and they shall on a Members requisition forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.

16.6 A Members requisition is a requisition of Member(s) of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than 3% of the total number of the outstanding Shares at the time of requisition and whose Shares shall have been held by such Member(s) for at least one year.

16.7 The requisition must state in writing the matters to be discussed at the extraordinary general meeting and the reason therefor and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Registered Office, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

16.8 If the Directors do not within fifteen days from the date of the deposit of the requisition dispatch the notice of an extraordinary general meeting, the requisitionists may themselves convene an extraordinary general meeting in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

16.9 Other than where the board of Directors is unwilling or unable to convene a general meeting, that an Independent Director of the Audit Committee may convene a general meeting, an Independent Director of the Audit Committee may convene a general meeting for the interest of the Company if necessary.

16.10 Any one or more Members holding in aggregate more than half of the total number of the issued Shares of the Company as at the relevant book close period, for at least three (3) consecutive months may convene an extraordinary general meeting.

16.11 The board of Directors or any person who is entitled to call or convene a general meeting under these Articles may demand the Company or the Company's securities agent to provide the Register of Members.

17 Notice of General Meetings

17.1 At least thirty days' notice to each Member shall be given of any annual general meeting, and at least fifteen days' notice to each Member shall be given of any extraordinary general meeting. Every notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is given or deemed to be given and of the day for which it is given and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of the meeting and the general nature of the business and shall be given in the manner hereinafter mentioned, or be given via electronic means if agreed thereon by the Members, or be given in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company, provided that a general meeting of the Company shall, whether or not the notice specified in this regulation has been given and whether or not the provisions of the Articles regarding general meetings have been complied with, be deemed to have been duly convened if it is so agreed by all the Members (or their proxies) entitled to attend such general meeting.

17.2 The accidental omission to give notice of a general meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice of a general meeting by, any Member entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings of that general meeting.

17.3 In the event the Company has acquired public company status in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company shall, at least thirty days prior to any annual general meeting or at least fifteen days prior to any extraordinary meeting (as the case may be), transform the notice of such general meeting, instrument of proxy, the businesses and their explanatory materials of any sanction, discussion, election or removal of Directors into electronic format and transmitted the same to the Market Observation Post System. If the voting power in any general meeting will be exercised by way of a written ballot, the written ballot and the aforementioned information of such general meeting shall together be delivered to each Member.

17.4 The Directors shall prepare a meeting handbook of the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials available for inspection by the Members, which will be placed at the office of the Company's registrar (if applicable) and the Company's securities agent, distributed at the meeting venue, and transmitted to the Market Observation Post System in accordance with and within the period required by the Applicable Public Company Rules.

17.5 Matters pertaining to (a) election or discharge of Directors, (b) alteration of the Articles, (c) reduction of share capital, (d) application for de-registration as a public company, and (e) (i) dissolution, Merger, Share Swap, or Spin-off, (ii) entering into, amending, or terminating any contract for lease of the Company's business in whole, or the delegation of management of the Company's business to others or the regular joint operation of the Company with others, (iii) transfer of the whole or any material part of the business or assets of the Company, (iv) acceptance of the transfer of the whole business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the business operation of the Company, (f) ratification of an action by Director(s) who engage(s) in business for him/herself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business, (g) distribution of the whole or a part of the surplus profit of the Company in the form of new Shares, capitalization of statutory reserve and any other amount in accordance with Article 35, and (h) the Private Placement of any equity-type securities issued by the Company, shall be indicated in the notice of general meeting, with a summary of the material content to be discussed, and shall not be brought up as an ad hoc motion. The material contents may be uploaded onto the website designated by the FSC or the Company, and such website shall be indicated in the notice of general meeting.

17.6 The board of Directors shall keep the Articles, minutes of general meetings, financial statements, the Register of Members, and the counterfoil of any corporate bonds issued by the Company at the office of the Company's registrar (if applicable) and the Company's securities agent located in Taiwan. Any of the Members may request, from time to time, by submitting document(s) evidencing his/her interests involved and indicating the designated scope of the inspection, access to inspect, review, make copies or duplicate of the foregoing documents. The Company shall cause the Company's securities agent to provide such Member(s) with access to above documents.

17.7 The Company shall make all statements and records prepared by the board of Directors and the report prepared by the audit committee, if any, available at the office of its registrar (if applicable) and its securities agent located in Taiwan in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules and

the Statute. Members may inspect and review the foregoing documents from time to time and may be accompanied by their lawyers or certified public accountants for the purpose of such an inspection and review.

18 Proceedings at General Meetings

18.1 No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. Unless otherwise provided in the Articles, Members present in person or by proxy, representing more than one-half of the total outstanding Shares, shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting.

18.2 The board of Directors shall submit business reports, financial statements and proposals for distribution of profits or covering of losses prepared by it for the purposes of annual general meetings of the Company for ratification or approval by the Members as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules. After ratification or approval by the general meeting, the board of Directors shall distribute or make publicly available on the Market Observation Post System the copies of the ratified financial statements and the Company's resolutions on the allocation and distribution of profits or covering of loss, to each Member in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

18.3 Unless otherwise expressly provided herein and subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, if a quorum is not present at the time appointed for the general meeting or if during such a general meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the chairman may postpone the general meeting to a later time, provided, however, that the maximum number of times a general meeting may be postponed shall be two and the total time postponed shall not exceed one hour. If the general meeting has been postponed for two times, but at the postponed general meeting a quorum is still not present, the chairman shall declare the general meeting is dissolved, and if it is still necessary to convene a general meeting, it shall be reconvened as a new general meeting in accordance with the Articles.

18.4 If a general meeting is called by the Directors, the chairman of the Directors shall preside as the chair of such general meeting. In the event that the chairman is on a leave of absence, or is unable to exercise his powers and authorities, the vice chairman of the Directors shall act in lieu of the chairman. If there is no vice chairman of the Directors, or if the vice chairman of the Directors is also on leave of absence, or cannot exercise his powers and authorities, the chairman shall designate a Director to chair such general meeting. If the chairman does not designate a proxy or if such chairman's proxy cannot exercise his powers and authorities, the Directors who are present at the general meeting shall elect one from among themselves to act as the chair at such general meeting in lieu of the chairman. If a general meeting is called by any person(s) other than the Directors, the person(s) who has called the meeting shall preside as the chair of such general meeting; and if there is more than one person who has called a general meeting, such persons shall elect one from among themselves to act as the chair of such general meeting.

18.5 A resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a poll. No resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by a show of hands. In computing the required majority when a poll is demanded regard should be had to the number of votes to which each Member is entitled by the Articles.

18.6 In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall not be entitled to a second or casting vote.

18.7 Nothing in the Articles shall prevent any Member from issuing proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction for an appropriate remedy in connection with the improper convening of any general meeting or the improper passage of any resolution. The Taipei District Court, R.O.C., shall be the court of competent jurisdiction for adjudicating any disputes arising out of the foregoing.

18.8 Unless otherwise expressly required by the Statute, the Memorandum or the Articles, any matter which has been presented for resolution, approval, confirmation or adoption by the Members at any general meeting may be passed by an Ordinary Resolution.

18.9 Member(s) holding 1% or more of the total number of outstanding Shares immediately prior to the relevant book closed period may propose to the Company a proposal for discussion at an annual general meeting in writing or by electronic transmission to the extent and in accordance with the

rules and procedures of general meetings proposed by the Directors and approved by an Ordinary Resolution. Proposals shall not be included in the agenda where (a) the proposing Member(s) holds less than 1% of the total number of outstanding Shares, (b) where the matter of such proposal may not be resolved by a general meeting, (c) the proposing Member has proposed a proposal containing more than 300 words, or more than one proposal, or (d) such proposal is submitted on a day beyond the deadline announced by the Company for accepting the Member's proposals; provided however, if any of proposal from such Member(s) is to urge the Company to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities, the board of the Directors may accept such proposal to be discussed at a general meeting.

19 Votes of Members

19.1 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any Shares, every Member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every Share of which he is the holder.

19.2 No person shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of a class of Shares unless he is registered as a Member on the record date for such meeting nor unless all calls or other monies then payable by him in respect of Shares have been paid.

19.3 Any objection raised to the qualification of any voter by a Member having voting rights shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

19.4 Votes may be cast either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint only one proxy under one instrument to attend and vote at a meeting.

19.5 A Member holding more than one Share is required to cast the votes in respect of his Shares in the same way on any resolution; provided that a Member who holds Shares for the benefit of others may, to the extent permissible by the provisions of the Statute, cast the votes of the Shares in different ways in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

19.6 If a general meeting is to be held in Taiwan, the Directors may determine in their discretion that the voting power of a Member at such general meeting may be exercised by way of a written ballot or by way of an electronic transmission. If a general meeting is to be held outside of Taiwan, the methods by which Members are permitted to exercise their voting power shall include written ballot or voting by way of an electronic transmission. Where these methods of exercising voting power are to be available at a general meeting, they shall be described in the general meeting notice given to the Members in respect of the relevant general meeting, and the Member voting by written ballot or electronic transmission shall submit such vote to the Company two days prior to the date of the relevant meeting. In case that there are duplicate submissions, the first received by the Company shall prevail. A Member exercising voting power by way of a written ballot or by way of an electronic transmission shall be deemed to have appointed the chairman of the general meeting as his proxy to exercise his or her voting right at such general meeting in accordance with the instructions stipulated in the written or electronic document; provided, however, that such appointment shall be deemed not to constitute the appointment of a proxy for the purposes of the Applicable Public Company Rules. The chairman, acting as proxy of a Member, shall not exercise the voting right of such Member in any way not stipulated in the written or electronic document, nor exercise any voting right in respect of any resolution revised at the meeting or any impromptu proposal at the meeting. A Member voting in such manner shall be deemed to have waived notice of, and the right to vote in regard to, any ad hoc resolution or amendment to the original agenda items to be resolved at the said general meeting. Should the chairman not observe the instructions of a Member in exercising such Member's voting right in respect of any resolution, the Shares held by such Member shall not be included in the calculation of votes in respect of such resolution but shall nevertheless be included in the calculation of quorum for the meeting.

19.7 A Member who has submitted a vote by written ballot or electronic transmission pursuant to Article 19.6 may, at least two days prior to the date of the relevant general meeting, revoke such vote by written ballot or electronic transmission and such revocation shall constitute a revocation of the proxy deemed to be given to the chairman of the general meeting pursuant to Article 19.6. If a Member who has submitted a written ballot or electronic transmission pursuant to Article 19.6 does not submit such a revocation before the prescribed time, the proxy deemed to be given to the

chairman of the general meeting pursuant to Article 19.6 shall not be revoked and the chairman of the general meeting shall exercise the voting right of such Member in accordance with that proxy.

19.8 If, subsequent to submitting a written ballot or electronic transmission pursuant to Article 19.6, a Member submits a proxy appointing a person of the general meeting as his proxy to attend the relevant general meeting on his behalf, then the subsequent appointment of that person as his proxy shall be deemed to be a revocation of such Member's deemed appointment of the chairman of the general meeting as his proxy pursuant to Article 19.6.

20 Proxies

20.1 An instrument of proxy shall be in writing, be executed under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointor is a corporation under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised for that purpose. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company.

20.2 Obtaining an instrument of proxy for attendance of general meetings shall be subject to the following conditions:

(a) the instrument of proxy shall not be obtained in exchange for money or any other interest, provided that this provision shall not apply to souvenirs for a general meeting distributed on behalf of the Company or reasonable fees paid by the Solicitor to any person mandated to handle proxy solicitation matters;

(b) the instrument of proxy shall not be obtained in the name of others; and

(c) an instrument of proxy obtained through solicitation shall not be used as a non-solicited instrument of proxy for attendance of a general meeting.

20.3 Except for the securities agent, a person shall not act as the proxy for more than thirty Members. Any person acting as proxy for three or more Members shall submit to the Company or its securities agent (a) a statement of declaration declaring that the instruments of proxy are not obtained for the purpose of soliciting on behalf of himself/herself or others; (b) a schedule showing details of such instruments of proxy; and (c) the signed or sealed instruments of proxy, in each case, five days prior to the date of the general meeting.

20.4 The Company may mandate a securities agent to act as the proxy for the Members for any general meeting provided that no resolution in respect of the election of Directors is proposed to be voted upon at such meeting. Matters authorized under the mandate shall be stated in the instructions of the instruments of proxy for the general meeting concerned. A securities agent acting as the proxy shall not accept general authorisation from any Member, and shall, within five days after each general meeting of the Company, prepare a compilation report of general meeting attendance by proxy comprising the details of proxy attendance at the general meeting, the status of exercise of voting rights under the instrument of proxy, a copy of the contract, and other matters as required by the R.O.C. securities competent authorities, and maintain the compilation report available at the offices of the securities agent.

20.5 Except for a Member appointing the chairman of a general meeting as his proxy through written ballot or electronic transmission in the exercise of voting power pursuant to Article 19.6, or for trust enterprises organized under the laws of the R.O.C. or a securities agent approved pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules, in the event a person acts as the proxy for two or more Members, the sum of Shares entitled to be voted as represented by such proxy shall be no more than 3% of the total outstanding voting Shares immediately prior to the relevant book closed period; any vote in respect of the portion in excess of such 3% threshold shall not be counted. For the avoidance of doubt, the number of the Shares to be represented by a securities agent mandated by the Company in accordance with Article 20.4 shall not be subject to the limit of 3% of the total number of the outstanding voting Shares set forth herein.

20.6 The Shares represented by a person acting as the proxy for three or more Members shall not be more than four times of the number of Shares held by such person and shall not exceed 3% of the total number of the outstanding Shares.

20.7 In the event that a Member exercises his/her/its voting power by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission and has also authorized a proxy to attend a general meeting, then the voting power exercised by the proxy at the general meeting shall prevail. In the event that any member who has authorised a proxy to attend a general meeting later intends to attend the general meeting in person or to exercise his voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission, he shall, at least two days prior to such general meeting, serve the Company with a separate notice revoking his previous appointment of proxy. Votes by way of proxy shall remain valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke his appointment of such proxy before the prescribed time.

20.8 Each Member is only entitled to execute one instrument of proxy to appoint one proxy. The instrument of proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company not less than five days before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote. In case that there are duplicate instruments of proxy received from the same Member by the Company, the first instrument of proxy received by the Company shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous instrument of proxy in the later-received instrument of proxy.

20.9 The instrument of proxy shall be in the form approved by the Company and be expressed to be for a particular meeting only. The form of proxy shall include at least the following information: (a) instructions on how to complete such proxy, (b) the matters to be voted upon pursuant to such proxy, and (c) basic identification information relating to the relevant Member, proxy and the Solicitor (if any). The form of proxy shall be provided to the Members together with the relevant notice for the relevant general meeting, and such notice and proxy materials shall be distributed to all Members on the same day.

20.10 In the event that a resolution in respect of the election of Directors is proposed to be voted upon at a general meeting, each instrument of proxy for such meeting shall be tallied and verified by the Company's securities agent or any other mandated securities agent prior to the time for holding the general meeting. The following matters should be verified:

(a) whether the instrument of proxy is printed under the authority of the Company;

(b) whether the instrument of proxy is signed or sealed by the appointing Member; and

(c) whether the Solicitor or proxy (as the case may be) is named in the instrument of proxy and whether the name is correct.

20.11 The material contents required to be stated in the instruments of proxy, the meeting handbook or other supplemental materials of such general meeting, the written documents and advertisement of the Solicitor for proxy solicitation, the schedule of the instruments of proxy, the proxy form and other documents printed and published under the authority of the Company shall not contain any false statement or omission.

20.12 Votes given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid unless notice in writing was received by the Company at the Registered Office at least two days prior to the commencement of the general meeting, or adjourned meeting at which it is sought to use the proxy. The notice must set out expressly the reason for the revocation of the proxy, whether due to the incapacity or the lack in authority of the principal at the time issuing the proxy or otherwise.

20.13 A Member who has appointed a proxy shall be entitled to make a request to the Company or its securities agent for examining the way in which his instrument of proxy has been used, within seven days after the relevant general meeting.

20.14 If a general meeting is to be held outside of the R.O.C., the Company shall engage a professional securities agent within the R.O.C. to handle the voting by the Members.

21 Proxy Solicitation

Subject to the provisions of the Statute, matters regarding the solicitation of proxies shall be handled in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies of the R.O.C.

22 Dissenting Member's Appraisal Right

22.1 In the event any of the following resolutions is adopted at general meetings, any Member who has notified the Company in writing of his objection to such a resolution prior to the meeting and has raised again his/her objection at the meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her Shares at the then prevailing fair price:

(a) The Company enters into, amends, or terminates any agreement for any contract for lease of the Company's business in whole, or the delegation of management of the Company's business to other or the regular joint operation of the Company with others;

(b) The Company transfers the whole or a material part of its business or assets, provided that, the foregoing does not apply where such transfer is pursuant to the dissolution of the Company; or

(c) The Company accepts the transfer of the whole business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the Company's business operations.

22.2 In the event any part of the Company's business is Spun Off or involved in any Merger, Acquisition, or Share Swap, the Member, who has forfeited his right to vote on such matter and expressed his dissent therefor, in writing or verbally (with a record) before or during the general meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her Shares at the then prevailing fair price.

22.3 The request prescribed in the preceding two Articles shall be delivered to the Company in writing, stating therein the types and numbers of Shares to be repurchased and the requested purchase price, within twenty days commencing from the date on which the resolution was adopted. In the event the Company has reached an agreement in regard to the purchase price with the dissenting Member in regard to the Shares of such Member (the "**appraisal price**"), the Company shall pay such price within ninety days commencing from the date on which the resolution was adopted. In the event the Company fails to reach such agreement with the dissenting Member, the Company shall pay the fair price determined by the Company to such Member within ninety days commencing from the date on which the resolution was adopted, and the Company will be deemed to have agreed to the purchase price requested by the Member if the Company fails to pay within such ninety days.

22.4 With respect to the request made by the dissenting Members pursuant to Article 22.3, in the event the Company fails to reach agreement with any of the dissenting Members in regard to the purchase price within sixty days commencing from the date on which the resolution was adopted, the Company shall, within thirty days after such sixty-day period, file a petition against all such dissenting Members with the Taipei District Court, R.O.C. as the court of competent jurisdiction for a ruling on the appraisal price, and such ruling by such R.O.C. court shall be binding and conclusive as between the Company and such dissenting Members solely with respect to the appraisal price. Notwithstanding the above provisions under this Article 22.4, nothing under this Article shall restrict or prohibit a Member from exercising his right under section 238 of the Statute to payment of the fair value of his shares upon dissenting from a merger or consolidation.

22.5 The payment of appraisal price shall be made at the same time as the delivery of Share Certificates, and transfer of such Shares shall be effective at the time when the transferee's name is entered on the Register of Members.

23 Corporate Members

Any corporation or entity which is a Member may in accordance with its constitutional documents, or in the absence of such provision by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class

of Members, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the such corporate Member which he represents as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual Member.

24 Shares that May Not be Voted

24.1 Shares in the Company that are beneficially owned by the Company (including Subsidiaries) shall not be voted, directly or indirectly, at any general meeting and shall not be counted in determining the total number of outstanding Shares at any given time.

24.2 A Member who has a personal interest in any motion discussed at a general meeting, which interest may be in conflict with those of the Company, shall abstain from voting such Member's Shares in regard to such motion but such Shares may be counted in determining the number of Shares of the Members present at the such general meeting for the purposes of determining the quorum. The aforementioned Member shall also not vote on behalf of any other Member.

24.3 If any Director creates or has created security over any Shares held by him, then he shall notify the Company of such security. If at any time the security created by a Director is in respect of more than half of the Shares held by him at the time of his appointment, then the voting rights attached to the Shares held by such Director at such time shall be reduced, such that the Shares over which security has been created which are in excess of half of the Shares held by the Director at the date of his appointment shall not carry voting rights and shall not be counted in the number of votes casted by the Member at a general meeting.

25 Directors

25.1 There shall be a board of Directors consisting of no less than five (5) persons and no more than twenty-one (21) persons, including Independent Directors. Before the election of Directors at a general meeting, Director candidates shall be nominated for election at a general meeting in accordance with the Directors candidate nomination system stipulated in the Applicable Public Company Rules. The shareholders shall elect the Directors from among the nominees listed in the roster of nominated Director candidates. The elections of Independent Directors and other Directors shall be held at the same general meeting, but the votes for the election of the Independent Directors shall be calculated separately in accordance with Article 27.2. Matters related to the candidate nomination, including (without limitation) nomination procedures and announcement of the director candidates, shall be done in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The Directors shall be appointed to a term of office of three (3) years and may be eligible for re-election. The Company may from time to time by the resolution of Directors increase or reduce the number of Directors subject to the above number limitation provided that the requirements by relevant laws and regulations (including but not limited to any listing requirements) are met.

25.2 Unless otherwise approved by TPEx (or the TWSE, if applicable), not more than half of the total number of Directors can have a spousal relationship or familial relationship within the second degree of kinship with any other Directors.

25.3 In the event that the Company convenes a general meeting for the election of Directors and any of the Directors elected does not meet the requirements provided in Article 25.2 hereof, the non-qualifying Director(s) who was elected with the fewest number of votes shall be deemed not to have been elected, to the extent necessary to meet the requirements provided in Article 25.2 hereof. Any person who has already served as Director but is in violation of the aforementioned requirements shall vacate the position of Director automatically.

25.4 Unless otherwise permitted under the Applicable Public Company Rules, there shall be at least three (3) Independent Directors. To the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules, at least one of the Independent Directors shall be domiciled in the R.O.C. and at least one of the same shall have accounting or financial expertise.

25.5 Independent Directors shall have professional knowledge and shall maintain independence within the scope of their directorial duties, and shall not have any direct or indirect interests in the

Company. The professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and concurrent positions, and assessment of independence with respect to Independent Directors shall be governed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.

25.6 Any Member(s) holding 1% or more of the Company's issued capital for at least six months may in writing request the Audit Committee to bring action against the Directors in the Taipei District Court, R.O.C., as the court of competent jurisdiction. If the Audit Committee failed to bring such action within thirty days after the request by the Member, such Member may bring the action in the Taipei District Court, R.O.C.,as the court of competent jurisdiction in the name of the Company.

26 Powers of Directors

26.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum and the Articles and to any directions given by Ordinary Resolution, Special Resolution or Supermajority Resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the Memorandum or Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. A duly convened meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Directors.

26.2 All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for monies paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be in such manner as the Directors shall determine by resolution.

26.3 The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof and to issue debentures, debenture stock, mortgages, bonds and other such securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

26.4 The Company may purchase liability insurance for Directors and the Directors shall determine terms of such insurance by resolution, taking into account the standards of the industry within the R.O.C. and overseas.

26.5 The Directors shall faithfully carry out their duties with care, and may be held liable for the damages suffered by the Company for any violation of such duty. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution of any general meeting demand the Directors to disgorge any profit realised from such violation and regard the profits realised as the profits of the Company as if such violation was made for the benefit of the Company. The Directors shall indemnify the Company for any losses or damages incurred by the Company if such loss or damage is incurred as a result of a Director's breach of laws or regulations in the course of performing his duties. The duties of the Directors shall also apply to the managers of the Company.

27 Appointment and Removal of Directors

27.1 The Company may by a majority or, if less than a majority, the most number of votes, at any general meeting elect any person to be a Director, which vote shall be calculated in accordance with Article 27.2 below. The Company may by Supermajority Resolution remove any Director. Members present in person or by proxy, representing more than one-half of the total outstanding Shares shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting to elect one or more Directors.

27.2 Directors shall be elected pursuant to a cumulative voting mechanism pursuant to a poll vote, the procedures for which has been approved and adopted by the Directors and also by an Ordinary Resolution, where the number of votes exercisable by any Member shall be the same as the product of the number of Shares held by such Member and the number of Directors to be elected ("Special Ballot Votes"), and the total number of Special Ballot Votes cast by any Member may be consolidated for election of one Director candidate or may be split for election amongst multiple Director candidates, as specified by the Member pursuant to the poll vote ballot. There shall not be votes which are limited to class, party or sector, and any Member shall have the freedom to specify whether to concentrate all of its votes on one or any number of candidate(s) without restriction. A

candidate to whom the ballots cast represent a prevailing number of votes shall be deemed a Director elect, and where more than one Director is being elected, the top candidates to whom the votes cast represent a prevailing number of votes relative to the other candidates shall be deemed directors elect. The rule and procedures for such cumulative voting mechanism shall be in accordance with policies proposed by the Directors and approved by an Ordinary Resolution from time to time, which policies shall be in accordance with the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

27.3 If a Member is a corporation, the authorised representative of such Member may be elected as Director. If such Member has more than one authorised representative, each of the authorised representatives of such Member may be nominated for election at a general meeting.

28 Vacation of Office of Director

28.1 The Company may from time to time remove any Director from office before the expiration of his term of office notwithstanding anything in the Articles to the contrary and may elect new Director to fill such vacancy in accordance with Article 27.1, and unless the resolution approving such removal and election provides otherwise, the retiring Director's office shall be deemed discharged upon the passing of such resolution prior to the expiration of such Director's applicable term of office.

28.2 In the event of any of the following events having occurred in relation to any Director, such Director shall be vacated automatically:

(a) he gives notice in writing to the Company that he resigns the office of Director;

(b) he dies, becomes bankrupt, or had liquidation proceeding commenced against him by a court, or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally;

(c) an order is made by any competent court or official on the grounds that he is or will be suffering from mental disorder or is otherwise incapable of managing his affairs, or his/her legal capacity is restricted according to the applicable laws;

(d) he commits a felony and is subsequently adjudicated guilty by a final judgment, and has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not served the full term or less than five years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, expiry of probation period or date in which he has been pardoned;

(e) he commits any criminal offence of fraud, breach of trust or misappropriation and is subsequently sentenced with imprisonment for a term of more than one year, and has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not served the full term or less than two years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, expiry of probation period or date in which he has been pardoned;

(f) he is adjudicated guilty by a final judgment for committing the offense as specified in the Anti-corruption Act of R.O.C., misappropriating Company or public funds during the time of his service, and has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not served the full term or less than two years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, expiry of probation period or date in which he has been pardoned;

(g) he is dishonoured for unlawful use of credit instruments, and the term of such sanction has not expired yet;

(h) the Members resolve by a Supermajority Resolution that he should be removed as a Director;

(i) in the event that he has, in the course of performing his duties, committed any act resulting in material damage to the Company or in serious violation of applicable laws and/or regulations or the Memorandum and the Articles, but has not been removed by the Company pursuant to a

Supermajority Resolution vote, then any Member(s) holding 3% or more of the total number of outstanding Shares shall have the right, within thirty days after that general meeting, to petition the Taipei District Court, R.O.C. as the competent court for the removal of such Director, at the Company's expense and such Director shall be removed upon the final judgement by such court. For clarification, if a relevant court has competent jurisdiction to adjudicate all of the foregoing matters in a single or a series of proceedings, then, for the purpose of this paragraph (i), final judgement shall be given by such competent court;

(j) is vacated from his office automatically in accordance with Article 28.3; or

(k) he becomes subject to the order of commencement of assistance due to incapacity pursuant to relevant Taiwan law and the order has not yet been revoked.

In the event that the foregoing events described in any of clauses (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (k) has occurred in relation to a Director elect, such Director elect shall be disqualified from being elected as a Director.

28.3 For so long as the Shares are listed on TPEx or TWSE, subject to the Statute and Applicable Public Company Rules, if during the term of office of a Director, any Director (not including Independent Directors) transfers some or all of his Shares such that he holds less than one half of the total number of Shares held by him at the time of his election as a Director, he shall, ipso facto, be vacated from the office of Director automatically.

28.4 For so long as the Shares are listed on TPEx or TWSE, subject to the Statute and Applicable Public Company Rules, if any person is proposed for appointment as a Director (each such person a "proposed director") (not including Independent Directors) at a general meeting (the "relevant general meeting"), such proposed director's appointment shall not become effective (regardless of whether such appointment is purportedly approved at the relevant general meeting, and any resolution which purports to approve such appointment, to the extent it relates to the proposed director's appointment, shall be invalid and ineffective):

(a) if the proposed director sells or transfers more than one half of the total number of Shares which he holds (or held) at the time of the relevant general meeting, during the period after the relevant general meeting, but prior to the commencement of such proposed director's term of office; or

(b) if the proposed director sells or transfers more than one half of the total number of Shares which he holds (or held) at the commencement of the relevant Register Closure Period, during the relevant Register Closure Period.

For the purpose of this Article 28.4, the "Register Closure Period" means, in relation to any general meeting, the period during which the Register of Members is closed for transfers of Shares prior to such general meeting up to and including the date of such general meeting."

29 Proceedings of Directors

29.1 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed shall be over one half of the total number of Directors elected. If the number of Directors is less than five (5) persons due to the vacation of Director(s) for any reason, the Company shall hold an election of Director(s) at the next following general meeting. When the number of vacancies in the board of Directors of the Company is equal to one third of the total number of Directors elected, the board of Directors shall hold, within sixty days, a general meeting of Members to elect succeeding Directors to fill the vacancies.

29.2 Unless otherwise permitted by the Applicable Public Company Rules, if the number of Independent Directors is less than three persons due to the vacation of Independent Directors for any reason, the Company shall hold an election of Independent Directors at the next following general meeting. Unless otherwise permitted by the Applicable Public Company Rules, if all of the Independent Directors are vacated, the board of Directors shall hold, within sixty days, a general meeting to elect succeeding Independent Directors to fill the vacancies.

29.3 Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. Any motions shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall not have a second or casting vote.

29.4 A person may participate in a meeting of the Directors or committee of Directors by video conference. Participation by a person in a meeting in this manner is treated as presence in person at that meeting. The time and place for a meeting of the Directors or committee of Directors shall be at the office of the Company and during business hours or at a place and time convenient to the Directors and suitable for holding such meeting.

29.5 The notice of calling a meeting of the Directors shall be delivered by at least seven days' notice in writing (which may be a notice delivered by facsimile transmission or electronic mail) to every Director which notice shall set forth the general nature of the business to be considered. In the event of an urgent situation, a meeting of Directors may be held at any time after notice has been given in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

29.6 The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the Articles as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.

29.7 The Directors shall, by a resolution, establish rules governing the procedure of meeting(s) of the Directors and report such rules to a meeting of Members, and such rules shall be in accordance with the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

29.8 All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the election of any Director, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly elected and qualified to be a Director as the case may be.

29.9 A Director may be represented at any meetings of the board of Directors by a proxy appointed in writing by him. The proxy shall count towards the quorum and the vote of the proxy shall for all purposes be deemed to be that of the appointing Director.

30 Directors' Interests

30.1 A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the Directors may determine.

30.2 The Directors may be paid remuneration only in cash. The amount of such remuneration shall be determined by the Directors and take into account the extent and value of the services provided for the management of the Corporation and the standards of the industry within the R.O.C. and overseas. The Directors shall also be entitled to be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of Directors or committees of Directors, or general meetings of the Company, or separate meetings of the holders of any class of Shares or debentures of the Company, or otherwise in connection with the business of the Company, or to receive salaries in respect of their service as Directors as may be recommended by the compensation committee and determined by the Directors, or a combination partly of one such method and partly another, provided that any such determination shall be in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

30.3 Unless prohibited by the Statute or by the Applicable Public Company Rules, a Director may himself or through his firm act in a professional capacity on behalf of the Company and he or his firm shall be entitled to such remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director.

30.4 A Director who engages in conduct either for himself or on behalf of another person within the scope of the Company's business, shall disclose to Members, at a general meeting prior to such conduct, a summary of the major elements of such interest and obtain the ratification of the Members at such general meeting by a Supermajority Resolution vote. In case a Director engages in business

conduct for himself or on behalf of another person in violation of this provision, the Members may, by an Ordinary Resolution, require the disgorgement of any and all earnings derived from such act, except when at least one year has lapsed since the realization of such associated earnings.

30.5 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 30, a Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors, which may conflict with the interest of the Company, shall disclose to the meeting his or her interest and the material information of such interest, and shall not vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director; the voting right of such Director who cannot vote or exercise any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present at the board meeting. In the event the Company is engaging in any Merger, Acquisition, or Spin-off, each Director shall discloses the material information of his or her personal interest with such transaction, and his or her reason(s) to approve or disapprove the proposed resolution of such transaction in the relevant meeting of the Directors and the meeting of the Members.

Where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a Director, or any company which has a controlling or subordinate relation with a Director, has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors in the preceding paragraph, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in such matter.

31 Minutes

The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose of all appointments of officers made by the Directors, all proceedings at meetings of the Company or the holders of any class of Shares and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors including the names of the Directors present at each meeting.

32 Delegation of Directors' Powers

32.1 Subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more Directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any Director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him provided that the appointment of a managing director shall be revoked forthwith if he ceases to be a Director. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee of Directors shall be governed by the Articles regulating the proceedings of Directors, so far as they are capable of applying.

32.2 The Directors may establish any committees or appoint any person to be a manager or agent for managing the affairs of the Company and may appoint any person to be a member of such committees. Any such appointment may be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of any such committee shall be governed by the Articles regulating the proceedings of Directors, so far as they are capable of applying.

32.3 The Directors may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any person to be the agent of the Company on such conditions as the Directors may determine, provided that the delegation is not to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked by the Directors at any time.

32.4 The Directors may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm, person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or authorised signatory of the Company for such purpose and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under the Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney or other appointment may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorneys or authorised signatories as the Directors may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney or authorised signatory to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

32.5 The Directors shall appoint a chairman and may appoint such other officers as they consider necessary on such terms, at such remuneration and to perform such duties, and subject to such provisions as to disqualification and removal as the Directors may think fit. Unless otherwise specified in the terms of his appointment an officer may be removed by resolution of the Directors.

32.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 32, unless otherwise permitted by the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Directors shall establish an audit committee comprised of all of the Independent Directors, one of whom shall be the chairman, and at least one of whom shall have accounting or financial expertise to the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules. A resolution of the audit committee shall be passed by one-half or more of all members of such committee. The rules and procedures of the audit committee shall be in accordance with policies proposed by the members of the audit committee and passed by the Directors from time to time, which shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules and the instruction of the FSC or TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable), if any. The Directors shall, by a resolution, adopt a charter for the audit committee in accordance with these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

32.7 Any of the following matters of the Company shall require the consent of one-half or more of all audit committee members and be submitted to the board of Directors for resolution:

(a) Adoption or amendment of an internal control system of the Company;

(b) Assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system;

(c) Adoption or amendment of handling procedures for significant financial or operational actions, such as acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, extension of monetary loans to others, or endorsements or guarantees on behalf of others;

(d) A matter where a Director has a personal interest;

(e) A material asset or derivatives transaction;

(f) A material monetary loan, endorsement, or provision of guarantee;

(g) The offering, issuance, or Private Placement of any equity-type securities;

(h) The hiring or dismissal of an attesting certified public accountant, or the compensation given thereto;

(i) The appointment or removal of a financial, accounting, or internal auditing officer;

(j) Annual and semi-annual financial reports;

(k) Any other matter so determined by the Company from time to time or required by any competent authority overseeing the Company.

Except for item (j) above, any matter under subparagraphs (a) through (k) of the preceding paragraph that has not been approved with the consent of one-half or more of the audit committee members may be undertaken only upon the approval of two-thirds or more of all Directors, without regard to the restrictions of the preceding paragraph, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the Directors meeting.

32.8 Before the Company convenes a meeting of the Directors to approve any Merger, Acquisition, or Spin-off, the audit committee shall convene a meeting to review the plan and the fairness and reasonability of such transaction, and adopt a resolution on such proposed plan and transaction as the conclusion of such review, the audit committee shall report their resolution to the meeting of the Directors and the meeting of the Members (to the extent that such transaction requires the approval of the meeting of the Members under the Statute or these Articles). During the audit committee's review, the audit committee shall seek a fairness opinion from the independent expert advisor with respect to the share exchange ratio, or the amount of cash or other assets to be distributed to the

Members. The resolution made as the conclusion of the audit committee's review, and such independent expert advisor's opinion shall be given to the Members along with the notice of meeting of the Members (to the extent that such transaction requires the approval of the meeting of the Members under the Statute or these Articles). If the approval of the meeting of the Members under the Statute or these Articles is not required, the Company shall report such transaction in the next meeting of the Members. In the event that the Company has disclosed the same contents on the website designated by the FSC, and make above documents available at the place of the meeting of the Members for review, the documents shall be deemed having been given to the Members.

32.9 The Directors shall establish a remuneration committee in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The number of members of the remuneration committee, professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and position that a member of the remuneration committee may concurrently hold, and assessment of independence with respect to the members of the remuneration committee shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The remuneration committee shall comprise of no less than three members, one of which shall be appointed as chairman of the remuneration committee. The rules and procedures for convening any meeting of the remuneration committee shall comply with policies proposed by the members of the remuneration committee and approved by the Directors from time to time, provided that the rules and procedures approved by the Directors shall be in accordance with the Statute, the Memorandum, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules and any directions of the FSC or TPEx (or TWSE, as applicable). The Directors shall, by a resolution, adopt a charter for the remuneration committee in accordance with these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

32.10 The remuneration referred in the preceding Article shall include the compensation, salary, stock options and other incentive payment to the Directors and managers of the Company. Unless otherwise specified by the Applicable Public Company Rules, the managers of the Company for the purposes of this Article 32.9 shall mean executive officers of the Company with the rank of Vice President or higher and have the powers to make decisions for the Company.

33 Seal

33.1 The Company may, if the Directors so determine, have a Seal. The Seal shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors. The use of Seal shall be in accordance with the use of Seal policy adopted by the Directors from time to time.

33.2 The Company may have for use in any place or places outside the Cayman Islands a duplicate Seal or Seals, each of which shall be a facsimile of the common Seal of the Company and kept under the custody of a person appointed by the Directors, and if the Directors so determine, with the addition on its face of the name of every place where it is to be used.

33.3 A person authorized by the Directors may affix the Seal over his signature alone to any document of the Company required to be authenticated by him under seal or to be filed with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands or elsewhere wheresoever.

34 Dividends, Distributions and Reserve

34.1

(a) The Company shall reserve no less than 3% of its annual profit as employee bonuses, and no more than 3% of its annual profit as director bonuses, provided that the annual profit be used to offset the Company's accumulative deficits first.

(b) The "annual profit" in the preceding paragraph shall be a sum equal to the Company's pre-tax profit before deduction of the aforementioned employee bonuses and director bonuses. The reservation of employee bonuses and director bonuses shall be approved by a majority of the board of Directors at a meeting attended by at least 2/3 of the Directors, and the decision of the Directors shall be reported to the Members at the general meeting. Employee bonuses may be distributed in shares (which may be distributed under an incentive programme approved

pursuant to Article 11) or cash, and its distribution may include distribution to certain qualified employees of the Company's Subsidiaries. Any Director who also serves as an executive officer of the Company may receive a bonus in his capacity as a Director and a bonus as an employee.

(c) If the Company records profit in any given year, it shall, in the following order, pay taxes for the relevant financial year, offset its losses in previous years that have not been previously offset, set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the profit left over, until accumulated legal capital reserve has equalled the total capital of the Company, and set aside a special capital reserve, if one is required, in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules or as requested by the authorities in charge. Any profit left over may be distributed, along with accumulative profits not yet distributed, pursuant to the distribution plan proposed by the board of Directors and approved by the Members by an Ordinary Resolution ("distributable profit"), provided that for the distribution of cash dividends, the board of Directors are authorized to approve according to subparagraph (d) below. Any such distributable profit may be distributed as Dividends (including cash dividends or stock dividends) in accordance with the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules and after the board of Directors taking into consideration financial, business and operational factors with the amount of Dividends distributed to Members not lower than 10% of distributable profit of the then current year, and the amount of cash dividends distributed thereupon shall not be less than 10% of the profits proposed to be distributed as Dividends of the then current year.

(d) The Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attended by two thirds or more of total number of the Directors, pay Dividends/bonus, in whole or in part, by cash, and the board of Directors shall then report such distribution to the subsequent general meeting.

34.2 Subject to the Statute and this Article, the Directors may declare Dividends and distributions on Shares in issue and authorise payment of the Dividends or distributions out of the funds of the Company lawfully available therefor. No Dividend or distribution shall be paid except out of the realised or unrealised profits of the Company, or out of the share premium account or as otherwise permitted by the Statute.

34.3 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to Shares, all Dividends shall be declared and paid in proportion to the number of Shares that a Member holds. If any Share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for Dividend as from a particular date that Share shall rank for Dividend accordingly.

34.4 The Directors may deduct from any Dividend or distribution payable to any Member all sums of money (if any) then payable by him to the Company on any account.

34.5 The Directors may, after obtaining an Ordinary Resolution, declare that any distribution other than a Dividend be paid wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of shares, debentures, or securities of any other company or in any one or more of such ways and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members upon the basis of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all Members and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.

34.6 Any Dividend, distribution, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of Shares may be paid by wire transfer to the holder or by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

34.7 No Dividend or distribution shall bear interest against the Company.

34.8 Any Dividend which cannot be paid to a Member and/or which remains unclaimed after six months from the date of declaration of such Dividend may, in the discretion of the Directors, be paid into a separate account in the Company's name, provided that the Company shall not be constituted as a trustee in respect of that account and the Dividend shall remain as a debt due to the Member. Any

Dividend which remains unclaimed after a period of six years from the date of declaration of such Dividend shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company.

35 Capitalisation

Subject to Article 14.2(d), the Directors may capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution and to appropriate such sum to Members in the proportions in which such sum would have been divisible amongst them had the same been a distribution of profits by way of Dividend and to apply such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued Shares for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid-up to and amongst them in the proportion aforesaid. In such event the Directors shall do all acts and things required to give effect to such capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit such that Shares shall not become distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrue to the Company rather than to the Members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all of the Members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

36 Tender Offer

Within seven days after the receipt of the copy of a tender offer application form and relevant documents by the Company or its litigation or non-litigation agent appointed pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules, the board of the Directors shall resolve to recommend to the Members whether to accept or object to the tender offer and make a public announcement of the following:

1. The types and amount of the Shares held by the Directors and the Members holding more than 10% of the outstanding Shares in its own name or in the name of other persons.

2. Recommendations to the Members on the tender offer, which shall set forth the names of the Directors who abstain or object to the tender offer and the reason(s) therefor.

3. Whether there is any material change in the financial condition of the Company after the submission of the latest financial report and an explanation of the change, if any.

4. The types, numbers and amount of the Shares of the tender offeror or its affiliates held by the Directors and the Members holding more than 10% of the outstanding Shares held in its own name or in the name of other persons.

37 Books of Account

37.1 The Directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt or expenditure takes place, all sales and purchases of goods by the Company and the assets and liabilities of the Company. Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

37.2 The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of Members not being Directors and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by Statute or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.

37.3 The Directors may from time to time cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in general meeting profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and such other reports and accounts as may be required by law.

37.4 Minutes and written records of all meetings of Directors, any committees of Directors, and any general meeting shall be made in the Chinese language with an English translation. In the event of any inconsistency between the Chinese language version and the relevant English translation, the Chinese language version shall prevail, except in the case where a resolution is required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies of Cayman Islands, in which case the English language version shall prevail.

37.5 The instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and information in electronic media prepared in accordance with the Articles and relevant rules and regulations shall be kept for at least one year. However, if a Member institutes a lawsuit with respect to such instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and/or information mentioned herein, they shall be kept until the conclusion of the litigation if longer than one year.

38 Notices

38.1 Notices shall be in writing and may be given by the Company to any Member either personally or by sending it by courier, post, cable, telex, or e-mail to him or to his address as shown in the Register of Members (or where the notice is given by e-mail by sending it to the e-mail address provided by such Member). Any notice, if posted from one country to another, is to be sent by airmail.

38.2 Where a notice is sent by courier, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by delivery of the notice to a courier company, and shall be deemed to have been received on the third day (not including Saturdays or Sundays or public holidays) following the day on which the notice was delivered to the courier. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre paying and posting a letter containing the notice, and shall be deemed to have been received on the fifth day (not including Saturdays or Sundays or public holidays) following the day on which the notice was posted. Where a notice is sent by cable, or telex, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing and sending such notice and shall be deemed to have been received on the same day that it was transmitted. Where a notice is given by e-mail service shall be deemed to be effected by transmitting the e-mail to the e-mail address provided by the intended recipient and shall be deemed to have been received on the same day that it was sent, and it shall not be necessary for the receipt of the e-mail to be acknowledged by the recipient.

38.3 A notice may be given by the Company to the person or persons which the Company has been advised are entitled to a Share or Shares in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member in the same manner as other notices which are required to be given under the Articles and shall be addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description at the address supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or at the option of the Company by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

38.4 Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to every person shown as a Member in the Register of Members on the record date for such meeting and every person upon whom the ownership of a Share devolves by reason of his being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a Member of record where the Member of record but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting, and no other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

39 Winding Up

39.1 If the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the share capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the number of the Shares held by them. If in a winding up the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the share capital at the commencement of the winding up, the surplus shall be distributed amongst the Members in proportion to the number of the Shares held by them at the commencement of the winding up subject to a deduction from those Shares in respect of which there are monies due, of all monies payable to the Company. This

Article is without prejudice to the rights of the holders of Shares issued upon special terms and conditions.

39.2 If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Statute and in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, divide amongst the Members in proportion to the number of Shares they hold the whole or any part of the assets of the Company in kind (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any asset upon which there is a liability.

40 Financial Year

Unless the Directors otherwise prescribe, the financial year of the Company shall end on 31st December in each year and, following the year of incorporation, shall begin on 1st January in each year.

41 Transfer by way of Continuation

If the Company is exempted as defined in the Statute, it shall, subject to the provisions of the Statute and with the approval of a Special Resolution, have the power to register by way of continuation as a body corporate under the laws of any jurisdiction outside the Cayman Islands and to be deregistered in the Cayman Islands.

42 Litigation and Non-Litigation Agent in the R.O.C.

Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company shall, by a resolution of the Directors, appoint or remove a natural person domiciled or resident in the territory of the R.O.C. to be its litigation and non-litigation agent in the R.O.C., pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules, and under which the litigation and non-litigation agent shall be the responsible person of the Company in the R.O.C. The Company shall report such appointment and any change thereof to the competent authorities in the R.O.C. pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.

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Appendix 2

Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings

Adopted on 2012/7/5 BOD and 2012/9/27 AGM
1st Amendment on 2014/3/26 BOD and 2014/6/20 AGM

Article 1
To establish a strong governance system and sound supervisory capabilities for this Corporation's shareholders meetings, and to strengthen management capabilities, these Rules are adopted pursuant to Article 5 of the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.

Article 2
The rules of procedures for this Corporation's shareholders meetings, except as otherwise provided by law, regulation, or the articles of incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.

Article 3 (Convening shareholders meetings and shareholders meeting notices)
Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, this Corporation's shareholders meetings shall be convened by the board of directors.
This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders meeting. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders meeting. In addition, before 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall also have prepared the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at this Corporation and its shareholder services agent as well as being distributed on-site at the meeting place.
The reasons for convening a shareholders meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form.

Election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, amendments to the articles of incorporation, the dissolution, merger, or demerger of the corporation, or any matter under Article 185, paragraph 1 of the Company Act or Articles 26-1 and 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act shall be set out in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders meeting. None of the above matters may be raised by an extraordinary motion.
A shareholder holding 1 percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to this Corporation a written proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders meeting. Such proposals, however, are limited to one item only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. In addition, when the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172-1, paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the board of directors may exclude it from the agenda.
Prior to the book closure date before a regular shareholders meeting is held, this Corporation shall publicly announce that it will receive shareholder proposals, and the location and time period for

their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be less than 10 days.
Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular shareholders meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.
Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results, and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders meeting the board of directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

Article 4
For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by this Corporation and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization.
A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to this Corporation before 5 days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.
After a proxy form has been delivered to this Corporation, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to this Corporation before 2 business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

Article 5 (Principles determining the time and place of a shareholders meeting)
The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of this Corporation, or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions of the independent directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting.

Article 6 (Preparation of documents such as the attendance book)
A shareholder shall attend a shareholders meeting on the basis of the attendance card, sign-in card, or other supporting document. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.
This Corporation shall furnish the attending shareholders or their proxies (collectively, "shareholders"), with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.
This Corporation shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of directors or supervisors, pre-printed ballots shall also be furnished.
When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one representative at a shareholders meeting. When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.

Article 7 (The chair and non-voting participants of a shareholders meeting)
If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairperson of the board. When the chairperson of the board is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the chairperson, the vice chairperson shall act in place of the chairperson; if there is no vice chairperson or the vice chairperson also is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the vice chairperson, the chairperson shall appoint one of the managing directors to act as chair, or, if there are no managing directors, one of the directors shall be appointed to act as chair. Where the chairperson does not make such a designation, the managing directors or the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.

It is advisable that shareholders meetings convened by the board of directors be attended by a majority of the directors.
If a shareholders meeting is convened by a party with power to convene but other than the board of directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.
This Corporation may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders meeting in a non-voting capacity.

Article 8 (Documentation of a shareholders meeting by audio or video)
This Corporation shall record the proceedings of a shareholders meeting in their entirety in audio or video and retain the recording for at least 1 year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 9
Attendance at shareholders meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.
The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than 1 hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned.
If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within 1 month.
When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 10 (Discussion of proposals)
If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the board of directors. The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders meeting.
The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis to a shareholders meeting convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the board of directors.
The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders meeting. If the chair declares the meeting adjourned in violation of the rules of procedure, the other members of the board of directors shall promptly assist the attending shareholders in electing a new chair in accordance with statutory procedures, by agreement of a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders, and then continue the meeting.
The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed and call for a vote.

Article 11 (Shareholder speech)
Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech,

his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair.
A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.

Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.
When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violation.
When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.
After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

Article 12 (Calculation of voting shares and recusal system)
Voting at a shareholders meeting shall be calculated based the number of shares.
With respect to resolutions of shareholders meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.
When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of this Corporation, that shareholder may not vote on that item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder.
The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.
With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the competent securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed 3 percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.

Article 13
A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.
When this Corporation holds a shareholders meeting, it may allow the shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means if the company applies to adopt electronic voting: When this Corporation holds a shareholder meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence). When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that this Corporation avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals.
A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to this Corporation before 2 days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.
After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person, a written declaration of intent to

retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to this Corporation, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before 2 business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.
Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in this Corporation's articles of incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS.
When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required.
Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of this Corporation.

Vote counting for shareholders meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced on-site at the meeting, and a record made of the vote.

Article 14 (Election of directors and supervisors)
The election of directors or supervisors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by this Corporation, and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and supervisors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected.
The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least 1 year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 15
Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The meeting minutes may be produced and distributed in electronic form.
This Corporation may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS.
The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and their results, and shall be retained for the duration of the existence of this Corporation.

Article 16 (Public disclosure)
On the day of a shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation and the number of shares represented by proxies, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the

place of the shareholders meeting.
If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under GreTai Securities Market regulations, this Corporation shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.

Article 17 (Maintaining order at the meeting place)
Staff handling administrative affairs of a shareholders meeting shall wear identification cards or arm bands.
The chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to help maintain order at the meeting place. When proctors or security personnel help maintain order at the meeting place, they shall wear an identification card or armband bearing the word "Proctor."
At the place of a shareholders meeting, if a shareholder attempts to speak through any device other than the public address equipment set up by this Corporation, the chair may prevent the shareholder from so doing.
When a shareholder violates the rules of procedure and defies the chair's correction, obstructing the proceedings and refusing to heed calls to stop, the chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to escort the shareholder from the meeting.

Article 18 (Recess and resumption of a shareholders meeting)
When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break based on time considerations. If a force majeure event occurs, the chair may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting will be resumed.
If the meeting venue is no longer available for continued use and not all of the items (including extraordinary motions) on the meeting agenda have been addressed, the shareholders meeting may adopt a resolution to resume the meeting at another venue.
A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders meeting to defer or resume the meeting within 5 days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act.

Article 19
These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by shareholders meetings.

Appendix 3

IntelliEPI Inc. (Cayman)
Shareholding of Directors

Book closure date：April 30, 2023

Position	Name	Date elected	Shareholding while elected			Current shareholding			Remarks
			Type	Shares	Share holding ratio (%) Note 1	Type	Shares	Share holding ratio (%) Note 2	
Director	Yung-Chung Kao	2021/8/17	Common shares	155,309	0.43%	Common shares	200,909	0.55%	-
Director	Kang-Lung Wang	2021/8/17	Common shares	56,698	0.16%	Common shares	56,698	0.15%	-
Director	Virginia Shu	2021/8/17	Common shares	15,749	0.04%	Common shares	15,749	0.04%	-
Director	WH Wu	2021/8/17	Common shares	945,000	2.59%	Common shares	945,000	2.57%	
Independent Director	Jason Chen	2021/8/17	Common shares	-	-	Common shares	-	-	-
Independent Director	Tom Chang	2021/8/17	Common shares	-	-	Common shares	-	-	-
Independent Director	Norman Cheng	2021/8/17	Common shares	-	-	Common shares	-	-	-
Independent Director	KM Tsai	2021/8/17	Common shares	-	-	Common shares	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	1,172,756	3.22%		1,218,356	3.31%	-

Note 1：Total issued shares：36,518,143 shares on August 17, 2021 (date of shareholders meeting).
Note 2：Total Issued shares：36,743,243 shares on April 30, 2023 (book closure date).
Note 3：KY Company is not applied for directors minimum shareholding.